THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,468—NEW SERIES, BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
[illegible] Oct.	PERSIA	8000	CHINA	8000
25th "	MANTUA	14000		
2nd Nov.	DELHI	8000		
9th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
16th "	MOREA	11000		
23rd "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
2nd Dec.	EGYPT	8000		
9th "	SALSETTE	6000	INDIA	8000
16th "	ARABIA	8000		
23rd "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10500
30th "	MALOJA	14000		
1912				
6th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
13th "	PERSIA	8000		
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
27th "	OCEANA	7000		
3rd Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11500
10th "	CHINA	8000		
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
24th "	EGYPT	8000		
2nd Mar.	MACEDONIA	1050		
9th "	ARABIA	8000		
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
30th "	*ARCADIA	7000		
23rd "	PERSIA	8000		
30th "	MARMORA	10500		
6th April.	MOOLTAN	10000		
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10000
20th "	MANTUA	11000		
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
4th May.	EGYPT	8000		
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
18th "	ARABIA	8000		

The above Regular Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

b The "MANTUA" sailing on the 28th October, proceeds direct to LONDON via MALTA and passengers for MARSEILLES tranship at PORT SAID to the "CHINA."

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Str.	Rs. 548 or Rs. 657	Rs. 792 or Rs. 960

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent,
Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,

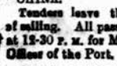
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES — Booked without charge,
BERTHS — Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS — Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK — Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis,
BAGGAGE — Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS — Met on arrival,

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)



BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. Baldino	4,580	D. Maganzini	15th Dec. 1911
R. Rubattino	4,580	Piazzoni	15th Jan. 1912

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

*Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 740; Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Isch a	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Nov. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 ...to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 210.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c. &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI,

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Dumra	1695	Thurs.	19th Oct.	9 a.m.	*via C. M.
Linga	2184	Fri.	20th Oct.	6 a.m.	† direct.
Lhasa	2184	Mon.	23rd Oct.	11 a.m.	‡via P. D. & C. M.

*Cutch Mandvie.
†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
‡Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSSEH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 19th Oct. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomera.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Pundua," 3305 tons, on Wednesday 18th October, calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Chanbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah, and Bussch.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Pentakota," 3418 tons, on or about 2nd November, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND COLOMBO.

S. S. "Virawa," 3360 tons, on or about 20th October.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

18th October, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on
			THURSDAY.
Ner	5558	Casanova	31st Oct. 1911.
Ceramien	4148	Cousin	23rd Nov. 1911.
Yarra	4142	Rosati	21st Dec. 1911.
Polynesien	6363	Brano	18th Jan. 1912.
Ville de la Ciotat	6378	Eschenauer	15th Feb. 1912.
Sydney	4118	Costa	14th Mar. 1912.
Oceanien	4148	Cousin	11th April 1914.
Armand Behic	6385	Galonnet	9th May 1912.
Yarra	4142	Rosati	6th June 1912.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Polynesien	6363	Brano	4th Nov. 1911.
Ville de la Ciotat	6378	Eschenauer	2nd Dec. 1911.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building Hornby Road. Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st Oct. 1911.
Castalia	6383	J. Hamilton	4th Nov. "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	18th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	4th Dec. "
Olympia	5124	R. H. Brown, R.N.R.	20th " "
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	3rd Jan. 1912
Scindia	5106	W. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6383	J. Hamilton	7th Feb. "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

			Leave Bombay about.
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	26th Feb. 1912.
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th Mar. "
Olympia	5124	R. H. Brown, R.N.R.	24th " "
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	8th Apr. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6383	J. Hamilton	4th May "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	17th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	3rd June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 653	939
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 635	957
Bombay to New York	" 808	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 445	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay

For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned,

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—

4 inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *

If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 3 per 1,000.

5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*

If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 850,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy	Jinja,
Delhi,	Nuwara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1, half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. W. J. K. HEGARTY
BOMBAY Acting Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .....£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS .....£ 325,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS,

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS,

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI.

MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR

CALCUTTA BRANCH will open 1st November, in Bankshall Street.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted,
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS,

Post Box No. 45.

HEAD OFFICE:—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL Frs. 200,000,000, (£8,000,000.)

CAPITAL (fully paid up) ...£ 8,000,000
SURPLUS.....£ 1,360,000

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France Bombay, Tunis, Melbourne, Sydney, Cairo, Alexandria Port Said and all principal towns on Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credits issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, Merchandise to

L. CAMBE,
Manager.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

JEWELRY

APART from the unwavering and solid demand there is for brooches and bracelets, ornaments which cannot be disregarded with any toilet, and the wide range in hair ornaments from combs and barrettes to fillets and bandeaux, permitted by the present varying style of coiffure, we are inclined to give neckwear the first place as receiving the most prominent fashionable attention, Ear ornaments follow next with hair ornaments a close third.

NECKWEAR

Medallions or Plaques continue to grow wonderfully in popular fancy, possibly because the present fancies are even more dainty and delicate than ever. We have a collection of these ornaments which are unparalelled for absolute exclusiveness and distinctiveness in idea and designs indicating Art in its truest interpretation. Festoon necklaces and necklaces with pearshaped drops in fancy stones or stole effects in braided beads and bands also continue to command admiration while the neckchain and guard attached to a locket are indispensable ornaments for afternoon or day-wear.

EAR ORNAMENTS

The pendulum of fashion continues to support and patronise lavishly ear wear in even a more determined manner than ever. The only discouragement hitherto offered to a more universal use has been overcome and it is now no longer necessary to have the ears pierced in order to wear them; as the ear ornaments may now be attached to the ear by an invisible arrangement. We have a choice collection in earwear which will be found suitable for evening wear, or with very elaborate indoor costumes and also smaller designs for wear during the day or for out-of-door use. Our stock comprises a variety in style from the dainty diamond or pearl bouton close up to the ear to the hanging pendants and hoops, in plain gold or beautifully jewelled.

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JEWELLERS, AND WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

150° "SHELL"

"SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL.

150°

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

150° "SHELL"

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE

REFINED and PACKED in AMERICA.

150° TEST

NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5 PER CASE.

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" 150°

IMPORTED BY

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LD.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

"SHELL" 150°

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in various Shapes and Designs and well finished.

An article suitable for the DELHI DURBAR CORONATION.

Visit at the Stores is solicited early, all are out for the show

AT

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

THE ITALIAN STORES.

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GRIMAULT & Co.'s

ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

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MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
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Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in	cases.
White Rose	150°	"	"
Chester	125°	"	"
Devoe's	125°	"	"
Monkey	125°	"	"

These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.

Elephant 125° in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

RAMCHANDRA GOVIND & SON,

BOOKSELLERS, KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

Piersol's Human Anatomy, including Structure and Development and Practical Considerations.	Rs. 22	a. 8	
White and Martin's Genito Urinary Surgery and Venereal Diseases	15	12	
Wharton and Curtis Practice of Surgery	18	12	
Vaughan's Practice of Surgery	11	4	
Opie's Disease of the Pancreas	11	4	
Garrigues' Obstetrics, 504 Illustrations	18	12	
Emerson's Clinical Diagnosis, with Illustrations	15	12	
Cooke's Obstetrical Technique	4	8	
Pfaundler and Schlossmann's the Diseases of Children, the work for the Practicing Physicians translated by Shaw; Leefetra, and L. E. Holt 4 Vols. fully Illustrated	63	0	
Rotch's Pediatrics, Profusely illustrated	18	12	
Cotton's Diseases of Infancy and Childhood	11	4	
Dair's Mother and Child	5	10	
Kassabian's Routgen Rays and Electro-Therapeutics	11	4	
Ortner's Treatment of Internal Diseases	15	12	
Krehl's Principles of Clinical Pathology	15	12	
Huber's Consumption Its Relation to man and his Civilization, Its Prevention and Cure	11	4	
Cattell's Post-Mortem Pathology	13	8	
Fox's Practical Treatise on Small-pox in Colors from Life	11	4	
Fox's Photographic Atlas of Diseases of the Skin, 167 Colored Photographs 4 Vols.	75	0	
Wood, Remington and Sadtler's, The Indispensable United States Dispensatory 19th Edt	23	10	
Wilson's Medical Pocket Formulary 2600 Formulae, Pocket size	6	12	
Lippincott's New Medical Dictionary, Leather bound, with Alphabetical Thumb Index	15	12	
Lippincott's Pocket Medical Dictionary	2	4	
Paton's Psychiatry	13	8	
Posey and Spiller's the Eye and Nervous System their Diagnostic Relations	18	12	
Norris and Oliver's System of Diseases of the Eye 127 full page Plates in Colors and Black and White 825 Text Illustrations	63	0	
Marshall's Operative Dentistry 725 Illustrations.	15	12	
Remington's Practice of Pharmacy	19	12	
Wood's Tablet Manufactures	5	10	
Hirschfelder's Diseases of the Heart and Aorta	18	12	
Fuchs's Text Book of Ophthalmology	18	12	
Cohnheim and Fulton's Diseases of the Digestive Canals	12	0	
Sequeira's Diseases of the Skin, Illustrated	18	12	
Cabot's Differential Diagnosis	18	0	
Pierson's Normal Histology with Special Reference to the structure of the Human body	12	0	
Davis' Applied Anatomy. The Construction of the Human body considered in relation to its Functions, Diseases and Injuries	18	0	
Willard's Surgery of childhood, including orthopaedic Surgery		21	
Kelly's Appendicitis and other Diseases of the Vermiform Appendix		13	
Wilson's Hand Book of Medical Diagnosis for the use of Practitioners and Students	18	12	
Earle's Diseases of the Anus, Rectum, and Sigmoid for the use of Students and General practitioners	15	12	
Madeira's Hunting in British East Africa	18	12	
Taylor's Practice of Medicine, 1911	12	8	
Mumford's Practice of Surgery	22	8	
Anders & Boston's Diagnosis, 1911	18	12	
Sahli & Potter's Diagnostic Methods	20	10	
Bandler's Medical Gynæcology	15	12	
Dorland's Medical Dictionary	15	12	
Gaut on Constipation and Intestinal obstruction.	18	12	
Stengo's Pathology	15	12	

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WEDDING CAKE STANDS.
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WEDDING CRACKERS.
WEDDING RECEPTIONS.
WEDDING CONFETTI, Etc., Etc., Etc.

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Telegrams:—"MONGIBROS," Telephone No. 325.

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MOTOR GREASES.

Specially Prepared for MOTOR-CARS, MOTOR CYCLES & BOATS.

BURMAH OIL COMPANY, LTD.

Agents:—SHAW, WALLACE & CO., BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

DIVALI HOLIDAYS.
WEEK-END RETURN TICKETS.

WEEK-END RETURN TICKETS issued on FRIDAY, SATURDAY, SUNDAY and MONDAY, the 20th, 21st, 22nd and 23rd October, 1911, will be available for the completion of the Return Journey, up to 12 noon on WEDNESDAY, the 25th October, 1911.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 18th October, 1911.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

PARCEL TRAFFIC TO DELHI.

ON and from 1st November, 1911, and until further notice, Wharfage charges on Parcels Booked to Delhi will accrue after the expiry of 48 hours after midnight on the date of arrival.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 14th October, 1911.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC desirous of seeing the DIVALI ILLUMINATIONS are informed that the following is the route prescribed for Carriages.

SOUTH TO NORTH.

Starting from Town Hall, Bazar Gate Street, across Hornby Road, Cruikshank Road, Kalbadevi Road, Paidhuni, Parel Road to a convenient distance beyond J. J. Hospital to prevent congestion of traffic.

NORTH TO SOUTH.

Starting from beyond J. J. Hospital, Parel Road, Paidhuni, Kalbadevi Road as far as corner of Shaik Memon Street down Shaik Memon Street to Carnac Road, Hornby Road, Bazar Gate Street to Town Hall.

Carriages coming from South to North will be turned up Kalbadevi and not up Shaik Memon Street.

In the event of a congestion in Shaik Memon Street (Marwadi Bazar), Carriages going towards the Fort will be diverted into Balaji Shamshet Street through Abdul Rehman Street and so on to Hornby Road.

Carriages will not be allowed to turn round on the routes laid down in order to go in the reverse direction except at the following points, viz :—

Money School, Paidhuni, Crawford Market and Victoria Station.

Carriages can, however, leave the routes altogether by turning into any of the side Streets on the left hand side of the routes laid down.

S. M. EDWARDES,
Commissioner of Police.
Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 16th October, 1911.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED, on SATURDAY, MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 21st, 23rd and 24th instant, being Public Holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

COAL.

TENDERS will be received by the State Engineer, Bhavnagar up to the 31st October, 1911, for the SUPPLY of 500 Tons of DESHARGHAR BENGAL COAL, to be delivered at the Port of Bhavnagar, on or before the 31st January, 1912.

POLICE ORDER.

AS the DIVALI FESTIVAL is now APPROACHING the Public are hereby cautioned against letting off or throwing FIRE-WORKS on or near any Public Street, road or thoroughfare and are informed that any one committing a BREACH of the law in this respect will be taken into Custody by the Police and dealt with according to law. The Police have been directed to enforce this order strictly.

S. M. EDWARDES,
Commissioner of Police.
Bombay, 14th October, 1911.

IN THE COURT OF J.H.R. FRASER, ESQUIRE, DISTRICT JUDGE, PESHAWAR.

Case No. 15 of 1911.

In the matter of insolvency of SAHIB SINGH, SON of CHHAJJU SINGH, proprietor of the shop of Messrs. SAHIB SINGH & SONS, of Mohalla Ganj, Peshawar City.

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 17-2-11, on behalf of Sahib Singh the Debtor himself, and on hearing the said petition and hearing the Creditors, it is ordered that the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent 20th November 1911 is fixed for appearance of creditors to prove their debts.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 9th day of October, 1911.

H. FRASER,
District Judge,
Peshawar.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

ON and from 10th October, 1911, the following three Camp Stations on the Delhi Durbar Railway will be OPENED for through booking of TRAFFIC of ANY KIND, i.e., Goods, Horses, Motor Cars, Carriages, Parcels and passengers :—

1. Kingsway Station.
2. Provincial Camp Station.
3. Imperial Service Camp Station.

2. Goods, Horses, Motor Cars, Carriages and Parcels may be booked through to these Camp Stations via Delhi from all Stations on the G. I. P. Railway.

3. From the 9th October, 1911, the undermentioned additional Camp Stations will be opened for Goods Booking only :—

CAVALRY CAMP STATION.
ARMY CAMP STATION,

GOODS AND PARCELS.

4. Consignors are requested in their own interests, to ascertain from their Delhi constituents at which Camp Stations it would be most convenient for them to effect delivery and their goods and parcels should be consigned accordingly. Constituents at Delhi ordering goods and parcels for delivery in the Delhi Durbar area should take the precaution of intimating to the despatchers the particular Camp Station to which the goods or parcels are to be booked.

5. Special distinctive labels have been supplied to important goods and parcel booking centres on the G. I. P. Railway and the Consignors are advised to see that the distinctive labels for the particular Camp Station to which their goods or parcels have been booked, are affixed to their packages.

QUICK TRANSIT OF GOODS.

6. A daily Express Goods Train is being run for the conveyance of Goods, Motor Cars, Carriages, Horses, etc., etc., to Delhi and the Three Camp Stations, named above on the Durbar Railway, and, for Goods Traffic only to Cavalry and Army Camp Stations.

RESERVATION OF REQUIREMENTS.

7. As Bookings to Delhi are very heavy, the public are specially requested to intimate in advance what accommodation they will require for Horses, Motor Cars, Carriages, etc., and the dates on which they desire to despatch them.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 13th October, 1911.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF WASTE, TALLOW AND LINSEED OILS DURING THE YEAR 1912.

SEALED TENDERS superscribed "Tenders for WASTE, TALLOW and LINSEED OILS" are invited and will be received by the Manager, in his office at Lahore, (Post Office, Naulakha), up to 12 noon, on THURSDAY, the 9th November, 1911, (at which date, time and place they will be opened in the presence of any Tenderers who wish to be present). The Stores will require to be delivered at Lahore Stores Depot, but may be consigned from outstations in accordance with terms noted in the form of Tender. The undermentioned are the items required :—

Waste cotton, superior in cops ...	2,500 Cwts.
Waste cotton coloured, soft quality for cleaning purposes	5,000 "
Tallow, pure and clean and free from all defects	400 "
Oil linseed, boiled, specific gravity 0·948 to 0·950, Viscosity 165 to 175 at 100° Fahrenheit to be entirely free from water	650 "
Oil, Linseed raw, specific gravity 0·930 to 0·935, Viscosity 115 to 125 at 100° Fahrenheit to be entirely free from water	780 "

2. Forms of Tenders can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, North-Western Railway, Lahore by whom a charge of Rs. 5 will be made for each tender form.

3. Samples of the various items tendered legibly, marked with the name and address of Tenderers, should be delivered free of all charges, at the office of the Chief Storekeeper, not later than 12 noon on Thursday, the 9th November, 1911.

4. Earnest money as prescribed in form of Tender must be remitted in cash or Lahore Circle Currency Notes, to the Chief Cashier, North-Western Railway, Naulakha, Lahore whose receipt should be attached to the form of tender.

5. Tenders not submitted on the prescribed form or received without the receipt for earnest money will not be considered.

6. The Manager, holds himself at Liberty to select one or more items from any Tender without reference to the other items in the same Tender and does not bind himself to accept the whole or any part of the lowest or any Tender.

7. The acceptance or rejection of the Tender will not be notified till about a months from date of opening of Tenders.

Chief Storekeeper's Office,
Lahore, dated 14-10-1911.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

SCRAP IRON.

OFFERS are invited for the purchase of 5,000 Tons of SCRAP IRON and CAST STEEL.

The purchaser must be prepared to take delivery of the whole quantity within two months from date of acceptance of offer and pay 50 per cent. of total cost 15 days after his offer accepted and the remainder before any deliveries of any portion of the quantity mentioned can be made.

2. In the event of the purchaser desiring to export the scrap out of India the whole quantity will be delivered in wagons at ships side at Keamari and carried at the cost of the purchaser at condemned Railway Material Rate of freight from such places as the scrap is now lying. The rate of freight will be 1/10 pies per maund per mile. If necessary the whole quantity will be collected at Karachi Stores Yard, till a steamer is ready to take the scrap, but this must be done within the two months mentioned in para. 1 and loading charges into wagons at Karachi stores must be paid by the purchaser.

3. No selection whatever of the scrap offered will be allowed. The Chief Storekeeper of the Railway will determine the class of scrap iron and cast steel that the purchaser must take and his decision shall be final. Steel through sleepers are not included in this lot of Scrap Iron and Steel offered for sale.

4. Intending purchasers must remit in cash or Lahore Circle Currency Notes, the sum of Rs. 1,000 to the Cashier, North-Western Railway, Naulakha, Lahore, as earnest money which amount will be wholly forfeited to the Railway in the event of the purchaser failing to execute the necessary agreement within 7 days after acceptance of tenders. Offers will not be considered unless earnest money shall have been paid before the tenders are opened.

5. The rate quoted must be per ton. No particular form of Tender is required but the person whose offer is accepted will be required to execute an agreement 7 days after acceptance of his offer.

6. Offers must reach the Manager's Office, Naulakha, on or before 12 o'clock, on TUESDAY the 14th November, 1911, at which place time and date they will be opened in the presence of any Tenderers who wish to be present. Offers containing offers must be addressed to the Manager, N.-W. Railway, Naulakha, Lahore, and should be sealed and superscribed Tender for purchase of Scrap.

7. The Manager does not bind himself to accept any offer and reserves the right to reject the whole of the offers submitted.

Chief Storekeeper's Office,
Lahore, dated 14-10-1911.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS FOR SUMMER AND WINTER CLOTHING MATERIAL FOR THE YEAR 1912.

SEALED TENDERS superscribed "TENDERS FOR SUMMER AND WINTER CLOTHING MATERIALS," are invited and will be received by the Manager in his office at Lahore (Post Office, Naulakha,) up to 12 noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th November, 1911, at which date, time and place they will be opened in the presence of any tenderers who wish to be present. The Stores will require to be delivered at Lahore Stores Depot, but may be consigned from outstations in accordance with terms noted, in the form of Tender.

The following are the items required :—

Cloth Serge Blue No 1 ...	4,500 Yards.
" " " No. II ...	45,000 "
Cloth Blue double milled ...	500 "
Cloth blue superfine ...	2,500 "
Cloth Grey Oxford ...	3,000 "
Cloth Serge Grey natural ...	800 "
Cloth Grey Blanketting ...	30,000 "
Cloth drill bleached White 27" wide ...	125,000 "
Cloth drill nob ached ...	12,000 "
Cloth drill blue 27" wide ...	215,000 "
Cloth drill khaki 27" wide ...	23,000 "
Cloth drill red superior wide ...	10,000 "
Cloth cotton blue for menials pugrees	25,000 "
	—225,000 "
Cloth pugree khaki 36" wide ...	400 "

2. All material must be of genuine country manufacture and Tenderers must state on their Tenders at what mills in India the materials will be made or other source of supply.

3. Form of tender with full particulars can be obtained on application to the Chief Storekeeper, North-Western Railway, Lahore by whom a charge of Rs. 5 will be made.

4. Samples of the various items tendered legibly marked with the name and address of tenderers should be delivered free of all charges at the office of the Chief Storekeeper, North-Western Railway, Lahore, not later than 12 noon on WEDNESDAY the 8th November, 1911.

5. Earnest money as prescribed in form of Tender must be remitted in cash or Lahore Circle Currency Notes to the Chief Cashier, North-Western Railway, Naulakha, Lahore, whose receipt should be attached to the form of tender.

6. Tenders not submitted on the prescribed form or received without the receipt for earnest money will not be considered.

7. The Manager holds himself at liberty to select one or more items from any Tender without reference to the other items in the same Tender and does not bind himself to accept the whole or any part of the lowest or any Tender.

8. The acceptance or rejection of the Tender will not be notified till about a month from date of opening of Tenders.

Chief Storekeeper's Office,
Lahore, dated 14th October, 1911.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per P. & O. S. N. Company's s. s. "ASSAYE," from JAPAN, CHINA, STRAITS and COLOMBO, also from LONDON and INTERMEDIATE PORTS are hereby informed of the Vessel's arrival, and requested to take immediate delivery of their Goods landed at No. 10 Shed, Victoria Dock.

Captain Ericson, the Surveyor, will attend every morning to survey damaged packages. All claims in this respect must be preferred to the undersigned within 7 days from the date of discharge, and Bills should be presented for payment within one month from the steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No surveys will be held on Bag Cargo packed in Single Gunnies only, or on goods removed from the Landing Shed.

W. C. SYMES,
SUPERINTENDENT,
P. & O. S. N. Co.

BHARATKHAND COTTON MILLS CO., LTD., AHMEDABAD.

FIRE LOSS 30th Aug., 1911.

SALE OF MACHINERY SALVAGE, on account of whom it may concern—

37 PLATT BROS. RING FRAMES, each 324 spindles 2½" gauge.
3 TWEEDALE and SMALLEY'S FRAMES, each 294 spindles 2½" gauge.
14 " " " " 384 " 2 1/5" gauge,
Salvage drosophore installation and Steam Piping.
The foregoing can be inspected at Mill premises, Ahmedabad.
Sealed Tenders to be submitted to the Undersigned not later than 3 P.M. (S.T.), on the 20th October.

BRADBURY, BRADY & Co.,
Chief Representatives,
THE PALATINE INSURANCE CO., LTD.,
Church Gate Street, Bombay.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.
PASSENGER FARES AND RATES FOR HORSES, CARRIAGES AND MOTOR CARS AND TIMINGS OF TRAINS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND DELHI.

THE following are the PASSENGER Fares and Rates for Horses, Carriages and Motor Cars and TIMINGS of TRAINS between BOMBAY and DELHI :—

PASSENGER FARES.

SINGLE JOURNEY.	Rs. a.	RETURN JOURNEY.	Rs. a.
First Class ...	66 8	First Class ...	125 12
Second Class ...	33 2	Second Class ...	62 14
Third Class ...	8 12		

RATES FOR HORSES, CARRIAGE AND MOTOR CARS.

SINGLE JOURNEY.	Rs. a	RETURN JOURNEY.	Rs. a.
First Horse ...	107 10	First Horse ...	161 7
Each additional horse	53 13	Each additional horse	80 12
One Carriage ...	161 7	One Carriage ...	242 3
Two Carriages loaded on one truck same owner.	242 3	One Motor Car....	363 4
One Motor Car ...	242 3		
Two Motor Cars on one truck same owner ...	376 11		

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE.

PUNJAB MAIL.	H. M.	CORONATION EXPRESS.	H. M.
Victoria Terminus, D.....	14 30	Victoria Terminus, D.....	22 30
Delhi (2nd day) A.....	20 30	Delhi (3rd day) A.....	8 20

The Coronation Express will run from the 15th November to the 20th December.

These Trains, which will be duplicated if necessary, are fitted with electric lights and fans, and Dining Cars are attached on the journey.

Passengers intending to travel by these trains are recommended to book their seats in advance.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.
Victoria Terminus,
Dated 30th August, 1911.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.
SPECIAL TIME TABLE FOR NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER.

NORTH-EAST ROUTE.	NORTH-WEST ROUTE
Corridor Restaurant Car Express between Bombay and Delhi.	Mail Train between Bombay and Delhi via Ahmedabad, Abu and Jaipur, Restaurant Car between Ahmedabad and Ajmer.

DOWN.		DOWN.	
Bombay (Colaba) D.	22·0	Bombay (Colaba) D.	21·30
Delhi ... A.	6·57	Delhi ... A.	8·45
UP.		UP.	
Delhi ... D.	22·45	Delhi ... D.	21·0
Bombay (Colaba) A.	7·20	Bombay (Colaba) A.	8·15

ADDITIONAL EXPRESS TRAINS will be run, when necessary, leaving Bombay in the evening, and arriving at Delhi, at a convenient hour in the morning.

From 1st November to 31st December, both days inclusive, the Northern Express will not run beyond Delhi.

Passengers for and from Stations beyond Delhi should change at Delhi.

Passengers holding RETURN TICKETS by the S. B. & C. I. Railway broad-gauge route to Delhi have the option of using the Metre-gauge route via Ahmedabad on either the outward or return journey.

QUICK DESPATCH OF GOODS TO DELHI.

A Special through Express Goods Train is now running daily by the Broad-gauge route for the conveyance of Motor-Cars, Carriages, Horses, Furniture, etc.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 6th October, 1911.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE of undivided moiety or half Share in Landed Property, in Gogharee Mohalla Street outside the Fort.

High Court Suit No. 478 of 1906.

Mossa Adam Patel.
vs.
Ismail Mossa and others.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esqr., the Receiver appointed herein by an order dated the 2nd day of February, 1911, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 18th October 1911, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), the undivided moiety or half share in the undermentioned landed property.

All that undivided moiety or half share in all that piece or parcel of land or ground together with messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Gogharee Mohalla Street, outside the Fort, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 849, New No. 8014, Old Survey No. 1772, and New Survey No. 1081, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under C Ward No. 6239, Street No. 46-48, containing by admeasurement 104 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on the east by the said Gogharee Mohalla Street, on the west by the sweeper's passage, on the north by the House of Mossa Adam Patel Muchhai Mistry, and on the south by the House of Bhugas Akoob.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Tyabji, Dayabhai and Co., Attorneys for Receiver, at No. 15, Esplanade Road Fort, or to the undersigned.

MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, 18th October, 1911.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.
Half Owner & Manager ... MAURICE E. BANDMANN.

TO-NIGHT ! GRAND CHANGE
TO-NIGHT ! ! OF
TO-NIGHT ! ! ! PROGRAMME.

MAURICE E. BANDMANN,
PRESENTS THE
GREAT RAYMOND,
GREAT RAYMOND,
GREAT RAYMOND,
THE WORLD'S MASTER OF MIRACLES
Highest Salaried Mystery man in Europe Globe Trotting Fun-maker.
MAGICIAN,
HUMORIST AND
FANTASIST
TO-NIGHT, WEDNESDAY, October 18th
THE
GREAT RAYMOND
will introduce several New Illusions, etc.

SATURDAY, OCT 21ST and SUNDAY 22ND
TWO GRAND MATINEES.
Children and Ayahs, half price to all parts of the House.
Doors open at 4-30, Commence at 5 p. m.
PRICES OF ADMISSION : Rs. 5, 3, 1.
Boxes 25 and 30.
Doors open at 8-30. Commences at 9-30 P. M.
Plan at S. ROSE and Co.

BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...	Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ...	" 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ...	" 17,150,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tiehling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Yokohama

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.
Post Box No. 307,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up) ... Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ... Rs. 23,50,000

HEAD OFFICE : SIMLA.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS :

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

E. E. SAVI,
Acting Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

BRANCHES :

Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad (Sind) Junagadh, Karachi, Mandvi (Bombay), Nadiad Rajkot, Sukkur and Surat.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be showed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

AMUSEMENTS.

HARMSTON'S
GRAND CIRCUS
AND
ROYAL MENAGERIE
OF
Performing Wild Animals.

TO-NIGHT !
AGAIN OUR GREAT PROGRAMME.

LOCATION, CHOWPATI,
next the Indian Motor Taxi Cab Company,
Our new All Star Company of London and Continental Artistes

30 IN NUMBER 30
JOHN ROUGAL'S
Most up-to-date Animal Act in the World.
NINE FULL GROWN TIGERS
Performing in a large cage erected in the Circus Arena.

TUXIN "THE MAN WITH THE BOTTLE."
THE TRIO FROLIC
Acrobatic Dance Artistes two Ladies and one Gentleman
THE SISTERS LOUISA AND ANGELINA VASCA
In their great Surprise Sharpshooting Act using Winchester Repeating Rifles and Pistolet
(CARTRIDGES 22 SHOT.)
THE WAMBAS
Gymnasts and Musical Melange Artistes.
PIMPLE & SILENT JIM knockabout and acrobatic Clowns
RUDIST the Champion Trick Cyclist
THE DONATOS
In their Pot Pourri act introducing the famous French Poodles.
DICK HAYES AND AUGOUSTE SHADOW
The funniest of Funny Clowns
VELASCO, AMBROSIA AND ELIAS,
Riley performers, Gymnasts and Acrobats
MASTER CLARENCE BRUCE
The smallest Jockey rider in the World
AND
THE CHAMPION ALL ROUND DUO.
Jennie & Willis Harmston-Love.
Our beautiful Arab Stallions and Performing Ponies, Our Menagerie consists of Performing Elephants, Tigers, Bears, Leopards, Kangaroo, Emu, Baboons, Monkeys, Dogs, etc.,
AND ALSO FOR
THE FIRST TIME IN BOMBAY
Our waterproof tents, which, UNLIKE OTHERS, we guarantee we have and will keep everybody absolutely dry.
BOOKING AT CIRCUS TENT DAILY,

FIRST MATINEES.
SATURDAY & SUNDAY AFTERNOONS.
OCT. 21ST and 22ND,
Doors Open at 3 o'clock. Commence at 4 o'clock.
Children, Half Price at Matinees only.
PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Full Box 6 Seats, Rs. 20 ; Single Seat Box Rs. 4 ; First Chairs, Rs. 3 ; Second Chairs, Rs. 2 ; Stalls Rs. 1 ;
Gallery (Natives only) As. 8.
MADAM HARMSTON-LOVE, Proprietress.
F. FELIX, Equestrian Director.
R. ALTON & W. SIMONS, Agents.
W. HARMSTON, Manager.
C. H. BRUCE, Bandmaster.

EXCELSIOR
CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT,
THE GREAT HEALTH FILM
A DROP OF WATER.
How to avoid Enteric.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

BOMBAY, WEDNESDAY 25th OCTOBER.
POSITIVELY ONLY PERFORMANCE.

GRAND OPERATIC BALLAD AND PIANOFORTE CONCERT,
By the Marvellously Gifted World-famed Soprano and Pianiste
FLORENCE MENKMEYER,
Uniquely gifted with a very lovely soprano voice—pure and sweet as the tones of the lark—see London Times—and who is also a most wonderful pianiste, who must be heard to be realised. Miss Menkmeyer's appearances throughout Australia and New Zealand have created enormous enthusiasm. Among other items to be rendered are Mad Scene from Lucia di Lammermoor, in costume; Within a mile of Edenboro Toon, etc. Vocal—Ah fare ciui (Traviata) Cigarette Aria (Carmen); Comin' thro' the Rye; O Divine Redeemer (Gounod). Pianoforte—No. 2 Hungarian Rhapsody (Liszt), Waltz Polonaise, Scherzo (Chopin), Flying Dutchman (Wagner Liszt), Spinnlied (Litolff), Hungarian Dances (Graun), Wedding March (Liszt) and Funeral March (Chopin), Prices—
Positively only performance.

SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

SALE THIS DAY, 18TH October, at 9 A.M. AUCTION SALE of 1400 Bags Jaina Cotton Seeds,

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 18th October at 9 a.m. Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co. will sell by Public Auction in Aisabai's Godown, at Carnac Bunder, Darkey gully by order of Sha Veljee Lukhumsey & Co. and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Toucker Tejpal Toolsidas.

About 1400 Bags Jaina Cotton Seeds About 1687 cwts.

J. S. MODY & CO.
Bombay, 18th October, 1911.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

POST-PONEMENT OF SALE.
HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 501 of 1909.
Curseiji Dady Dady ... Plaintiff.
vs
(1) Nussarwanji Ardeshir Bomanji Mulla
(2) Nussarwanji Bomanji Boyce ... Defendants

The sale of the immovable property at the Village of Muhur, opposite the village of Versova at Andheri, in the above Suit, that was advertised to take place to-day, is POSTPONED, till THURSDAY, the 26th day of October, 1911, when the same will be sold at the undersigned Auctioneer's Office, 21, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 18th October, 1911.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.
CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, on sale and on hire.
FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.
HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

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YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING ? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

LADY artist is ready to receive orders for Painting, Panels, Glass Screens, Wall Decorations etc,—Apply to No. 107 care of this Paper,

G. MEHTA & Co., Goldsmiths and Jewellers, Abdool Rehman Street, Corner Pydhowni, Baria Building. Telephone No. 1258.

WE STOCK new and second-hand motor cars, serviceable and cheap accessories. We undertake Electrical Installations. Satisfaction assured. Inquiries solicited. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummam Street Fort.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years, during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL Malabar Hill, Bombay.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of Bombay Gazette Office.

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols ; "Scribner" '80 to '82 five vols ; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 8ths from 4. 3/4d. to 1s. 4 1/4d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Value—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorus. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0 ; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0 ; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 3 annas a copy ; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy ; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year ; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes —3½ inch by 4½ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (if printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000. 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand) printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

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ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

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DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lenses will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
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Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

WORLD'S GREATEST PLEASURE

is to enjoy the advantages of a perfect health. Many young men often betake themselves to various vices, that break down the health, and very soon render them, fit for nothing but the sick-bed. Isn't it a sad thing ?

ATANK NIGRAH PILL

is the only safe and reliable remedy for all diseases, resulting from youthful indulgence. It tones up the entire nervous System.

It imparts wonderful strength and vigour by increasing and purifying the blood and stopping wet dreams.

It is invaluable in weak digestion and constipation. In short it supplies everything what a man should have.

PRICE—Re. 1 for a box of 32 pills.
Writes to day :—
VAIDYA SHASTRI,
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
Kalbadevi, Bombay.

CLARKES
B. 41.
PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT DOCTOR STREET near NULL BAZAR.

Notice is hereby given that Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell on the spot by Public Auction the undermentioned property by order and under instructions of Mr. Matubhai Kasubhai (the Transferee of Mortgage) in exercise of the power of sale vested in him by notice of the Indentures of Mortgages date 1 25th August, 1903 and 15th May 1905 respectively and Transfers of Mortgage dated 7th November, 1903 and 30th April, 1907 respectively, on account and at the risk of Hasanally Mulla Abdul Hakim, Mahomedalli Mulla Abdul Hakim, Fatemabai, widow of Karimbhai Mulla Abdul Hakim and wife of Amiruddin Hakim, Ebrahimji and Abdually Hassanally THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY the 18th October, 1911, at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.)

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the building thereon situate at Shaikh Abdulla Doctor Street without the Fort in the Island and Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 368 9-9 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 377, 2792, and 2863 and Collectors New Nos. 7639, 9780, 9845, Old Survey Nos. 1352, 1351, and 1785 and New Survey No. 4667 and registered in the books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under "O" Ward No. 7054 Street No. 38 to 46 and 35 to 39 and bounded as follows :—That is to say on or towards the East by the Doc or Street, on or towards the west by the Mutton Street, on or towards the south by the property of Essabji Sassabji and on or towards the North by the property of Makan Dai.

For further particulars and printed conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon, attorneys at their office No. 9, Bell Lane or to the undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Sale of the Goodwill and Stock and Furniture of the Australian Stores, in one lot.

Under instructions from the Orient Bank of India Ld, the mortgagee, in possession and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Mr. Noor Mahomed Jiwa, Messrs CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the Sitaram Building, next to Crawford Markets, on FRIDAY, the 20th October, 1911, at 3 p. m. (S.T.) The whole of the stock-in-trade of the Australian Stores, consisting of tinned and other provisions, biscuits, soap, perfumery, preserved fruits, cologne water and the furniture, &c.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of the sale.

The above is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, at Ghogari Moholla, near Pydownie.

Under instructions from Messrs. Muljee and Khambata, Attorneys for the mortgagees, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 2nd day of November next at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.), on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Haji Noor Mahomed Ebrahim Gorey, the following valuable landed property on the premises :—

PARTICULARS.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, at Pydhowni or Ghogari Moholla, in the Registration Sub-district of Fort, formerly as well as now in the occupation of several tenants of the mortgagor, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Old No. 71, New Street Nos. 51-63, and Ward No. 6198, containing by admeasurement 60 square yards or thereabouts, Registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 2,590, New No. 9607, Old Survey No. 1589, and New Survey No. 1054 and bounded on the east by sweeper's passage on the west by the said Ghoghari Moholla road, on the north by the property of Maryambai, widow of Haji Mahomed Moosa.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs Malji and Khambata, Solicitors for the mortgagees, at their office, No. 7, Church Gate Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 18th October, 1911.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, at Jail Road, Umerkhady.

Suit No. 1035 of 1909.

Vazirboo Ahmedbhai and others.

Vs.

Miyaji Ahmedbhai and others.

Under instructions from Mr. Miyaji Ahmedbhai, the Receiver appointed in the above Suit and pursuant to the directions contained in an order made in the above Suit on the 23th June, 1911, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the premises, the undermentioned property, on the respective day and hour hereunder note :—

Lot No. V.—Property of Jail Road, Bombay.

THISDAY, WEDNESDAY, 18th October, 1911. at 4 30 p.m. (S. T.)

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground, situate at Jail Road, Umarkhadi in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring according to old plans about 1856 square yards, but on accurate survey about 1823 square yards, and bounded as follows, i. e. :—on or towards the North by the property of Changabhai Dawoodkhan, on or towards the South by the property of Abdool Latif Shaikali, on or towards the east partly by the property of the said Abdul Latif Shaikali, and partly by a sweeper's passage, and on or towards the west by the said Jail Road, and assessed under Municipal Ward Nos. 3613, 3604, 3606, (2) 3606 (3) 3606 (4) 3606 (5) 3606 (6) 3607 (11) 3607 (2) 3903, and Street Nos. 27,41 (a) 47,47 (6) 47 (d) 47 (e) 47 (s) 49, 51, and 53, 57.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Daphtary, Ferreira and Divan, Solicitors or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed Goods, Sweepings, etc, at the G. I. P. Railway Wari Bunder.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Railway Act 9 of 1890 and under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on TUESDAY, the 31st instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, a quantity of unclaimed goods, grain and seeds in bags, cottonseeds in bags, linseed, rapeseed, jowari and toor in bags, empty casks and drums, bundles of bagging, boxes of dates, empty cylinder, boxes of sundry goods, tins and drums of oil, tins of iron bolts bag of cooking pots, iron pully, bags of rice, kegs of paint, bags of castorseed, pieces of machinery, bundle of jogree, lot of condemned sheets, old records, lot of steel hoops and bands, heaps of sweeping grain, etc., etc.

Re. Bombay to Agra Fort Invoice No. 510 R. R, No. 6103-66 of 25-5-11, 2 bundles printing papers but actual contents straw boards. Sender Ebrahim Abdul Kadar, Sutar Chawl, Bombay. Consignee.—The Aryan Boot and Shoes Factory, Kazipura Agra.

Re. Wadi Bunder to Warora, invoice No. 4690, R. R. No. 3699-91 of 8-3-11. One bundle gunny bags serviceable. Sender L. Palan. Consignee H. Bapoolal.

Rs. Piparia to Wadi Bunder, Invoice No. 693 of 29-6-11, 73 bags linseed, M29, Sender Raoji Hiraj. Consignee "Hiraji" Gangaram, care of A. Sorabji Carting Agent, Wadi Bunder.

Re. Wari Bunder to Chahra, Invoice No. 143, R. R. No. 4194-2 of 16-11-10, 10 bags rice, Sender Vajichund Umed. Consignee T. Ratanlal.

Re. Wari Bunder to Poona Invoice No. 4487, R. R. No. 3787-42 of 16-3-10, One case corn flower, Sender A. A. Moorga, consignee Self.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 18th October, 1911.

REPAIRS OF Rs. 1-8 within 25 years. I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which purchased 25 years ago, has required only Rs. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts.—I. B. Gardener, 10, Forbes Street, Bombay.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, Oct. 16.] [BOMBAY, Oct. 17.

FINANCIAL.

		Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols	...	78 1-4	3-8	
2 do. Rentes		94 1-4		un chgd
1-2 do. Sterling Loan	...	93		un chgd
1-2 do. Gov. Securities	...	83 1-2		un chgd
Bar Silver in London	...	24 1-4		un chgd
do. 2 months' hence	...	24 3-8		un chgd
Bar Silver in New York	...	52 5-8	1-8	
Exchange on London at Paris	...	25-16 1-2		01 1-2
do. do. at Berlin	...	20-51		01
do. do. New York	...	4.86 1-2		un chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	...	4 p.c.		since
do. Short London Bills		21st Sept.		
3 months' sight	...	3 13-16		un chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills				
6 months' sight	...	3 7-8		un chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills	...	1 1-8		un chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	...	1 1-2		un chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans	...	1 5-8		un chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans	...	2 1-8		un chgd

Bar Gold 77-9 unchgd.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 31-32 unchgd.
Closing Tone of Silver—Steady.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	...Easier, fair demand.
Futures	... Firm.
East Indian	... .
Manchester	Steady with a fair demand.
Total Sales	... 10,000 bales
Sold on Speculation and for Export	... 500 "
Imports	... 15,000 "
Mid-Americans	... 5-18—6-6
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	...9 1-4—1-8

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec. Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
4 97	4 92	4 92	4 91	4 97
+03	+02	+03	+02	+03
Mar.-Apr.	April-May.	May-June.		June-July
4 99	5 01	5 03		5 04
+03	+03	+03		+03

New York Official noon call Dec. 9-30, March 9-32. New Orleans 10 a.m. Dec. 9-25 March 9-44.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at all U.S. Ports	... 76,000
Receipts at U. S. Last year	... 81,000
Exports to Great Britain	... 88,000
Exports to Continent	... 67,000
Spot Cotton—	9-20+10
Futures—Month of Dec. 9-25+07	Advanced on unfavourable weather reports and on favourable cables.
Futures—Month of Mar. 9-25+12	

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton	... 9 1-2+1-8
Futures—Month of	... 9-21+13
Do. do	... 9-33+17
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Steady.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Karachi	...36 3-8
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.	
Do. Name of Ports—London—Value.	
Wheat Red Karachi	... ...
Do. Months—	
Do. Name of Ports—Nominal.	
Wheat afloat for U. K.	...2,220,000

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs.	... .
Do. Months—	...No Sellers.

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian	...36 3-8
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.	
Victorian	...36 3-8
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.	
New South Wales	...36 3-8
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.	

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship	... Nominal.
Do. Months—	... .
Do. Name of Ports—	... .
Yellow Gurgaut, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship	... 51
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.	
Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk—Sellers.	
Brown Cawnpore	... 48 3-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.	
Tone—Easier.	

LINSEED—

Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship	...73
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Value.	
Tone—Firm.	
Linseed Argentine—La Plata	... 64 3-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.	
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg.	Done and buyers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality)	...15 3-4 unchgd.

RUBBER—

Para Rubber	...4 5 1-4—Oct.-Nov.—Buyers. Steady.

METALS—

Copper Braziers	£ 66 1-4
Yellow Metal	d 6 1-16
Standard Copper G M B	£55 3-16

FREIGHT—

Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay ... ... 10-3 Value.

ARRIVALS—

Russia, Silesia, Gothic, Irismere, Dalrazan, Floristan and Messina.

SUGAR—

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags	...20 5 1-4—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment	...Nov.-Dec.
Tone—Firm, fair demand at high rates.	
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India	... Neglected. Nominal.
Do. Months of Shipments	... .
German Beet-root 88 p. c.	17-5—Sellers.
Months of Shipments	...Nov.
Tone—Firmer and better demand owing frosts.	
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India	...22 9—Sellers.
Months of Shipments	...Mar.-Aug.
Tone—Little or no business.	
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay	...17-3—Value.
Months of Shipments	...Oct.-Nov.
Tone—Quiet.	

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos 16×18 C and F Calcutta	...
Do do.	... .
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi	... .
Do. do.	... .
Fine White Java C & F Calcutta	.....
Do. do.	... .
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi	... .
Do. do.	... .

General Tone—Nothing doing and prices nominally unchanged in absence of business.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [17th Oct. 1911.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
	Rs.		
20 Boxes Sovs and half Sovs	15,00,000	Freemantle	National Bank
3 Boxes Sovs and half Sovs	2,25,000	do	Mercantile Bk
5 Bundles Rs...	15,000	do	Comptoir de Paris

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 14th & 15th Oct., 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	35	38,726
B B and C I Railway ...	55	64,368

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—

The market opened unchanged at 1s. 4 1-32d. T. T., 1s. 4 1-16d. Demand and 1s. 4 5-16d. for 3 months' sight credits. The enquiry for Bank remittance has been small, and Private bills continue scarce. Far Eastern rates are steedier.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-32d.	
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-16d.	
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 5-16d.	
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 5-16d. to end Feb.	
Do. do France	...171 1-4	
Do. do Marks	...139 1-2	
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...132 1-2	
Shanghai "	...174 3-4	
Japan "	...149 3-4	

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

Rates opened at 95'1 for cash and 94'15 for the settlement. Slights fluctuations have occurred during the day but only a small business has been done, and rates close at the opening.

We quote :—

Cash	Rs. 95 1 0	
Settlement	" 94 15 0	

BULLION:—

Bar Silver in London yesterday was unchanged at 24 1-4 for ready and 24 3-8 for delivery in two months. New York was 1-8 up at 52 5-8. The local market has been steadier and has improved during the day closing, as under. Bar gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold	Rs	24 0 0
Australian "	"	24 0 0
Sovereigns "	"	15 0 0
Silver Ready ex duty ...	"	61 9 0
" 1st Settlement ...	"	61 11 0
" 2nd " ...	"	61 13 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

Advices from America to hand this morning showed an improvement all round, and private telegrams reported killing frost in Oklahoma though it is said the frost is too late to do much damage. The market here was however quite prepared to make the best of any signs of a rise, and good Broach opened Rs. 5 to Rs. 6 higher at Rs. 244-45 and quickly, advanced to Rs. 248, other descriptions being proportionately higher. At Colaba business was done up to Rs. 255. There has been moderate enquiry in the bazzar for Khamgaon-Akola. Rates close very irregular and more or less nominal.

Ready cotton is dull with many anxious sellers.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach	Rs.	250 1-2 March
Fine M G Wardha Hingunghat	"	250 Jan.
Fine M G Nagpur	"	248 "
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola...	"	241-2 "
Fine M G Khandeish ...	"	237 "
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	"	230 "
Fine M G Bengal	"	238 Nov.
Fine M. G. Bengal	"	235 Dec.
Fine M. G. Bengal	"	233 Jan.
F. G. H. G. Bengal	"	215 "

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone	Firm.
Estimated Sales	13,000 bales
Total Imports	49,000 "

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
5'0	4 95	4 95	4 98
+03	+03	+03	+04
Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.	Apl.-May.	May-June June-July.
5'01	5'03	5'05	5'07 5'08
+04	+04	+04	+04 +04

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—The market is steady with a fair demand for ready. We quote:—

Ready ...	Rs.	12 11 6 B.T.

RAPESEED:—The market is dull, Little doing. We Quote :—

Yellow Guserat ready ...	Rs.	9 0 0 B.T.
Brown Delhi	"	8 9 9 B.T.

GINGELLYSEED :—Tone quiet.

We Quote :—

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs.	56 0 0 B.T.
Black Kutni	"	48 8 0

POPPYSEED :—Tone steady.

Ready ...	Rs.	10 12 0 B. T.

CASTORSEED:—

Ready ...	Rs.	7 8 0 R. T.
Apl.-May ...	"	7 5 0 R. T.

MOWRASEED :—Tone steady.

Ready ...	Rs.	7 14 0 R. T.

WHEAT :—The market is steady. We quote:—

White Pissi ready 85 p.c Rs. 5 1 6 B. T.
" Delhi ... Rs. 5 5 0 "

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,767 1-2
Bank of Burma	130
Bank of India	68
Eastern Bank	80
Indian Specie	50 1-2

MILLS.

Central India S and W Co ...	1,895
David	393 3-4
Finlay Mills	280
Kohinoor	690
Maconcji Petit	2,600
New Great Eastern	185
Standard	985
Swadeshi	1,200

PRESS.

Indian Cotton	140

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. O. Ordinary ...	147
Bombay E. S. & T. O. Preference...	173
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord....	292 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	1,165
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	16 1-2

RAILWAY.

Tapti-Valley	500

TWO DAYS' RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 48 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	1,073	bales
Wheat	13,262	owts.
Linseed	2,501	"
Rapeseed	1,00	"
Gingellyseed	1,547	"
Poppyseed	357	"
Groundnuts	897	"
Castorseed	1,278	"
Rice	3,544	"
Myrabollams	168	"
Cottonseed	2,611	"
Mowraseed	2,209	"
Gram	1,583	"
Joowar	4,921	"
Maize	47	"

CALCUTTA JUTE AND SHARE MARKETS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, OCT. 17.

In the jute market to-day sellers showed no desire to do business and things were very slack accordingly. The gunny market was also very dull, the mills were still maintaining their rates. In the money market not a great amount of business was done, while the share market was inactive generally. A small number of coal shares changed hands at steady rates.

Owing to the activities of Dr. Wiley the United States Government pure food expert, the existance has been revealed of a secret export traffic in what is alleged to be pickled horseflesh of impure origin, which it is stated, has been distributed in Holland by a New Jersey packing concern.

The executive of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants have decided, it is stated to invest £2,500 in the Labour party's proposed new daily newspaper.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

MARRIAGE.

PLINSTON—NEUMANN—On Tuesday, Oct. 17th, at CHRIST CHURCH, MAYFAIR, George Herbert Plinston, XIth RAJPUTS, younger son of G. C. Plinston of Bombay, to NATALIE, younger daughter of O. W. NEUMANN of INCHANGA, TEIGNMOUTH, South Devon.—(By Telegraph).

BANDORA.

DEATH.

WALLIS—Oct. 17, at her residence, Bandora Hill, Bombay, Jessie Ann Isabella, widow of Edmund F. Wallis, Superintendent, Indian Telegraph Department, in her 53rd year. The funeral will leave Bandra at 4-30 p. m. and arrive at Sewri Cemetery at 6 p. m. (S. T.) Friends will kindly accept this intimation.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

GARDNER-BROWN—October 5, at Indore, C I, the wife of G Gardner-Brown, Director State Education, of a daughter.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.
Performance by The Great Raymond, Royal Opera House, 9-30 p. m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, Star Attraction "In the Grip of Alcohol". Three shows nightly 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, and 10 to 11 p.m.

Maxim : "To establish himself in the world a man must do all he can to appear already established."

ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Mantua," with the English mails of the 6th instant, left Aden at 3 p. m. on Sunday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 5 a.m. on Friday.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Persia" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-30 p.m. on Saturday.

INDIAN MAHOMEDANS AND THE TURKO-ITALIAN WAR.—The "Muslim Herald" says : "It is the duty of every loyal Mahomedan in India to express thanks for the British Government for their having sympathised with the Sultan of Turkey in his present afflictions. As it was resolved at a council meeting of the Loyal Moslems Association of Bombay, no protest meetings of Mahomedans should hereafter be held against the Turko-Italian war, and telegrams sent to the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs in London."

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut-Colonel T. W. Bonner, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 p.m. to-day :—

March	...Florentiner
Overture	...Tancredi...Rossini
a Patrol	...The Highland ...G Amers
b Descriptive Piece	...The Mill in the Black Forest ...Eilenberg
Selection	...Dear Little Denmark ... Rubens
Valse	...Mein Schooster Tag in Berlin...Gung'l
Selection	...Miss Hook of Holland...Rubens
Polka	Corset Duet...The Friendly Rivals ...Godfrey

BAND AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—By kind permission of Lt. Col. H. P. Lane and officers, the Band of the 96th Berar Infantry will play a programme of music commencing at 6 p.m. to-day :—

March	...Petite Tonkinoise...Scotts
Selection	...The Chocolate Soldier...Oscar Straus
Waltz	...The Old Belfry ...Bernard Phelps
Serenade	...Love in Idleness ...Alfan Macbeth
Selection	...Reminiscences of Nations ...Godfrey
Two Step	...Yipsi-Addy-I-Ay ...W D Cobb
Intermezzo	...Abor Tabak ...T W Taurhan
Morceau	...Enchanted Chimes ...J S Haugill

MURDER IN MARINE LINES.

Yesterday morning about 8 o'clock Pandu, (18), a Hindu servant, in the employ of a European gentleman living in Marine Lines, did not go to work as usual. Another servant went to look for him in the servants' quarters in the compound of his master's bungalow when he saw Luxmi, a girl of sixteen, lying on a cot, her throat cut and a razor the blade of which was stained with blood by her side. Inspector Spiers made inquiries and learned that since her marriage for the last four months the deceased had been unhappy. The husband had disappeared. He is not yet arrested.

An inquest was held touching the death of the girl by Mr. Lambert, the Coroner of Bombay. The body was identified as that of Laxmi and further inquiry was adjourned.

RAYMOND'S ENTERTAINMENT.

Raymond, the well-known illusionist, continues to give successful performances at the Royal Opera House, Bombay, where his entertainment is attracting large audiences nightly. There is not an uninteresting item in the whole of his long programme, and several changes are promised during his stay, which extends until the 27th.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a.m. yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Plague deaths.	Total deaths from all causes
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	0	0	1
B Mandvi, Umkia, Comerkhadi and Dongri	0	0	21
C Market Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	0	0	14
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	0	0	4
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	0	0	19
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	2
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	4
Harbour	0	0	0
Hospital	0	0	10
Total	0	0	75
Same date last year	2	2	85

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BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA CASE.

Appeal Dismissed.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Batchelor delivered judgment in the appeal from a decision of Mr. Justice Russell, who, in the suit brought by Gerald Pickard against C. B. Robinson and others, the committee of the Bombay Commercial Gymkhana, dismissed the plaintiff's claim with costs.

The case has been already reported.

The Chief Justice in delivering his judgment said :—The plaintiff is a member of the Bombay Commercial Gymkhana and admits that he is bound by the rules of that institution. At the end of June the plaintiff compounded for a sum of Rs. 750 a criminal case, which he was prosecuting against another member of the Gymkhana for a matrimonial offence under section 497 of the Penal Code. During the next fortnight the feeling of the members of the Gymkhana was strongly adverse to the plaintiff, so much so, that two members drawn against him in a billiard tournament refused to play against him and the tournament had to be suspended. The plaintiff admits that the feeling against him was due to the Police Court proceedings and cannot suggest any other reason.

On the 13th of July the Vice-President, Mr. Robinson, was deputed by the committee to ask the plaintiff to resign the Gymkhana. This he did on the next day, but the plaintiff refused to resign saying that he considered he had done nothing ungentlemanly and broken none of the rules of the Club. This reply was reported to the committee and on the 21st of July, they resolved that the plaintiff should be suspended under rule 15, but rejected an amendment that he should be expelled. Notice of suspension was communicated to the plaintiff on the next day. He replied the same day by a solicitor's letter challenging the suspension as "ultra vires" and demanding an explanation within three days. The explanation so demanded was furnished by the Secretary on the 28th of July in the following terms (read P 75). Further correspondence ensued. The plaintiff, however declined to produce for inspection his lawyer's bill of costs and on the 5th of August filed this suit claiming a declaration of right to enjoy and participate in the benefits of the club and an injunction against his exclusion and the removal of his name from the list of members. Rule 61 provides that the interpretation of the rules rests with the committee.

The last part of rule 15 contemplates an interim suspension pending a decision whether the conduct of a member shall result in his expulsion. The committee interpreted the rule as giving them an "ex-parte" power of suspension in order to procure the harmony of the club. They are the chosen interpreters of the rules and it is not for the Court to say that their interpretation is wrong. Their good faith in so interpreting the rules has not been and cannot be impugned, for, as stated by Mr. Robinson in consequence of the feeling against the plaintiff, the harmony of the club was interfered with and the position was impossible, as was shown by the difficulties which had arisen in regard to the pending Billiard Tournament.

NO CHARGE FORMULATED.

The Committee then having acted in good faith and within the terms of the rule, what had the plaintiff to complain of? It is said that no charge was formulated against him by Mr. Robinson on the 14th and that none had been formulated on the 22nd, when the notice of suspension reached him. I will assume for the purpose of argument that the plaintiff had no clear idea until the 28th of the charge against him, but on that day a clear and full explanation of the action of the committee was furnished to him and a simple procedure was suggested to him whereby he might refute the charge. This course he declined to adopt, but determined to resort to a Court of Law to dispute the authority of the domestic tribunal by whose decision he had agreed to be bound. In my opinion, he has no cause of action and his suit must be dismissed.

It is said that the plaintiff has brought this suit simply to refute the charge of ungentlemanly conduct. The answer is that it is for the committee and not for the Court to decide upon the question. It is still open to the committee to dispose of the plaintiff's case under Rule 15. He is still a member of the Gymkhana under suspension. The committee have now probably as much material to enable them to come to a decision as they are likely to get. In coming to a decision, they should not allow themselves to be influenced in any way by any expression of opinion as to the conduct of the plaintiff in compounding the Police Court case, which may have fallen from any of the judges in the course of the proceedings in the suit.

Mr. Justice Batchelor delivered a separate concurring judgment and the appeal was accordingly dismissed with costs.

AHMEDABAD BOMB CASE.

Absconding Accused Appeals.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, before Mr. Justice Russell and Sir Narayen G. Chandavarkar, Mr. Tricumlal R. Desai appeared on behalf of Tyeballi Heptoola and applied for the admission of his client's appeal.

The accused was convicted by Mr. B. C. Kennedy, Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, and sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment for bringing a false charge with intent to injure and abetment thereof.

The prosecution case was that on the 13th November 1909, the late Viseroy, Lord Minto, paid a flying visi to Ahmedabad. Just about the point where Kankaria Road branched off from the road which ran round the city walls, some person was seen to throw an object (which was subsequently ascertained to be a bomb) at the Viseroy's carriage. In concert with others, who are now undergoing imprisonment, the accused gave false information to the police, against several persons who had been tried, in order to gain a reward, and then absconded.

Agreeing with the assessors the Sessions Judge convicted the accused and sentenced him as abovestated.

Their Lordships admitted the appeal.

POLICE COURTS.

ALLEGED BREACH OF TRUST.

Native Prince's Complaint.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, resumed the hearing of the case in which Kumar Shri Mansur Khachar of Jasdan charged Abdullabhai Khakibai Readymoney with criminal breach of trust in respect of a pair of diamond bracelets valued at about Rs. 3 . Mr. P. Godinho Pleader, appeared for the complainant, Mr. Payne, Solicitor, defended the accused.

The complainant, in the course of his evidence, stated that in the year 1906 he was in need of money as he wished to proceed to England to prosecute his case in reference to his share in the state of Jasdan. Mr. Chunilal D. Saraiya had then advanced him a large sum of money and when witness proceeded to England, the accused advanced him a small amount. The accused was introduced to him by Mr. G. G. Craig. On more than one occasion, the accused had advanced him various sums of money on promissory notes and on the security of certain jewellery. Witness could not say what jewellery he had pledged to the accused prior to the pledge with the Bank. Witness went to England in August 1907.

The accused and Mr. Craig introduced the witness to Mr. Chunilal of the Specie Bank, and said Mr. Chunilal was willing to advance to him Rs. 2,10,000 provided witness purchased 1,000 shares of the Specie Bank and agreed that the loan should be in the joint name of Craig and the witness. To the latter stipulation, witness immediately objected. The objection was taken in writing. The 1,000 shares were to be purchased from the extra monies to be advanced by the Bank on the security of those shares. Witness was then at Wadhwan and he was seen there by Craig and a clerk of Mr. Chunilal. They brought a letter of requisition and the list of with jewellery them. Witness signed the documents. Witness was not present when the type-written list of the jewellery was prepared.

Mr. Godinho tendered the list in evidence. Mr. Payne objected and said he had not even looked at the document.

Mr. Godinho said his case was that the whole transaction was negotiated by the accused, who knew all about the jewellery.

His Worship admitted the document.

Continuing witness said that the list was brought back to him when a part of the loan was paid to him. He had no idea as to what other document he signed at Wadwan. No promissory note was signed then. Subsequently when witness was in Bombay, he was taken to the Bank where he argued his objection with Mr. Chunilal with regard to the loan to being given in joint name. The loan was subsequently given and the jewellery was handed over to the Bank in the presence of the accused, Mr. Craig, Mr. Ghandy, Solicitor and the two gentlemen with whom the jewellery was pledged. Some time ago, witness received a telegram from one Vincent Perreira at Zelum, in consequence of which he came down to Bombay and saw Mr. McDerm

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The P and O Company's steamer Assaye, 4 359 tons Captain G W Cookman R N R arrived here on Tuesday from Shanghai September 26, via Colombo with China and Australian mails & general cargo and passengers.

H I M S Mayo, Commander Jones, sailed on Tuesday for Rangoon.

The steamer Lord Stanley 3,056 tons Captain W L Clibborn, will sail to-day for Antwerp and Port Said for orders with a general cargo.

The steamer "Springburn" 3,173 tons Captain J Williams, arrived here to-day from Calcutta, Oct 3, with a general of coal.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

H M S Highflyer ...Capt James...D Dick R N Flagship
H I M S Hardinge ...Comdr .. Leck .....Troopship
H I M S Hiloto ...Comdr Latouche .....Troopship
R I M S Investigators...Capt. G N Forteath...R N R..
Survey Str
Islands.....3361 Peck.....Persian Gulf ...Hired ..
Transport ....M M a Co
Ujina .....3426 Hill ... .. do ...M & Co
Stream.
Springburn.....3173 Williams...Calcutta... ...

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Oct. 16.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Ariosto.....	3760	Bradley	Hull via Karachi...	18-10	..J Finlay & Co
B Langbank	2966	Rout.....	Port Said...	..N F.....	W & A Graham & Co
D&N Khosrou...	2419	Hannah.....	Outside.....	19-10	... B & P S N Co
F Nawab	2041	Elliott	Jeddah ...	2-11	.. Turner Morrison & Co
H Somali.....	1615	Keach	Zanzibar	19-10	... A Strandes & Co
M Shah Jehan.....	1635	McBean	Jeddah ..	20-10	... Bo H S N Co
N Iskra.....	3655	Dobrovich...	Hamburg ...	2/-10	.. J Mackintosh & Co
O Galileo.....	555	Wratt.....	Repairing ...	27-10	...J Mackintosh & Co
P Reichenfels	2906	Kloppenberg	Hamburg via K'oti	19-10	...W & A Graham & Co
Q Mansuri	2032	Gore	Jeddah.....	18-10	.. S & P S N Co
Bahadur.....	829	G Ahmed ...	Gulf ...	14-10	B S N Co
Shs Ameer	1921	Cusock...	Mauritius.....	N F...	Bo & H S N Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Scindia.....	3253	Keay ...	Liverpool...	31 10...	W & A Graham & Co
6 Koerber	3164	Foresti	Trieste...	1-11...	A L S N Co
7 Byaberger.....	2230	Burgen...	Rotterdam	22-10	T M & Co
8 Berbera	3983	Lemarchand...	Antwerp...	1-11...	M M & Co
9 City of York.....	5013	Wilson	Karachi...	Killick N Co	
10&11 Assaye.....	4359	Cookman.....	Shanghai	P & O S N Co	
12&13 Persia	4155	Haywards.....	London ...	21 10 ..	P & O Co
14 Dwarka	759	Moxon.....	Bushreh.....	19-10 ..	M M & Co
15 Ceylon Maru.....	3142	Tsuwa ..	Kobe.....	20-10 ..	N Y Kaisha

Off-side M.

Majidi	Gaddie ...	Jetish...	22-10...	...B P S N Co	

Offside N.

Kaveri	553	Mohamed ..	Bhowagar...	... ..	
Sabarmati... ...	524	Ah ood	Repairing...	Bo S N Co	

H W P D

Lhasa 950	Morrison	Karachi	16-10...	M M & Co	
Pooani ... .502	Fakoosa	Savnagar...	...18-10...	Bo S N Co	
Satrunjoe.....	5 7	Hoosein...	N F...	N F ..	Bo S N Co
Courland...	...760	Sabratim	Marmagoa...	17-11...	

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessels	Commanders	From
17	Assaye...	Cookman...	Shanghai, Sept 26
	pamburn	Williams	Calcutta, Oct 3

DEPARTURES.

Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
H I M S Mayo ...	Jones	Rangoon

The following vessels obtained their portclearance on Tuesday :—

Steamer Lord Stanley, Clibborn, for Antwerp, &c.

The following vessels began to load on Tuesday — Steamer Varela, for Calcutta, &c.
" Elsa, for Calcutta, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Ellerman Line steamer City of London, sailed from Liverpool on the 14th instant outward bound.

DAILY EXPORTS.—OCT. 17.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scindia s—4,643 cwts cottonseed, 3 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 100 cwts kajoo, P Asoo; 26 bales wool, 13 bales goathair, R M Kooka; 25 bales wool, R Dossa and Co; 77 bales wool, D Koondanmall; 14 bales wool. The Bombay Co; 90 bales wool, M J Joomabhoy and Co; 500 cwts dil seed, 500 cwts fennelseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR LONDON.

Persia s—15 cwts fishmaws, J Rahimtoola; 33 cwts oil cakes, The Jamshed Oil Mills Co; 8 bales woollen carpets, Fleming Shaw and Co; 125 cwts turmeric, E Soultanally; 21 bales hides and skins, V Esmail and Co; 3 bales woollen carpets, Y H Desai and Co; 10 bales skins, H A Comer.

FOR VALETTA.

Persia s—15 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co.

FOR PORT SAID.

Lord Stanley s—9,643 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR GLASGOW.

Scindia s—4 hogsheads chutney, H P Sethna and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Iskra s—4,006 cwts cottonseed, S Cooverjee and Co; 3,321 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Berbera s—7,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 2,000 cwts poppyseed, B S Lloyd and Co; 3,610 cwts bone pieces, C Mody and Co; 114 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Ryabergen s—36 bales hemp Kiddle Reeve and Co; 12,000 cwts rapeseed Louis Dreyfus and Co; 1,000 cwts mawraseed 6,075 cwts linseed M Valabdass.

FOR HAMBURG.

Reichenfels s—1,000 cwts myrabollams R Kesewjee and Co; 2,000 cwts b nemeal A Kaderbhoy; 90 cwts hemp F Koobchand; 55 bales cottonfly L K Jance.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Scindia s—4,000 cwts wheat Ralli Bros; 300 cwts fennelseed Volkart Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Koerber s—601 cwts myrabollams P Muthradas and Co; 5,000 cwts teaseed Ralli Bros; 2,001 cwts groundnutseed E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Koerber s—2,000 cwts castor seed Ralli Bros.

FOR FUIME.

Koerber s—401 cwts myrabollam, P Muthradass and Co; 4,000 cwts rapeseed Ralli Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Ceylon Maru s—36 cwts kismiss, R Jeewandas and Co; 45 cwts kismiss, R Merarjee and Co., 500 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co; 130 cwts shark fins, M Kassam.

Delta s—255 cwts gum Arabic, P Jethabhoy and Co; 200 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Ceylon Maru s—200 bales twist, M B Kaisha Ld.

Delta s—700 bales twist, Tata Sons and Co; 1,000 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Ceylon Maru s—1,000 bales cotton, M B Kaisha Ld; 38 bales cotton, Vakar Bros; 150 bales cotton, Nippon M K Kaisha; 65 cwts gum Arabic, A H Mawjee and Co.

FOR MOJI.

Ceylon Maru s—300 bales cotton, M B Kaisha Ld.

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Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand, 125 deg. ...	4 0 2	do.
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do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 0 0	per 8 gallons
Camel 125 deg. (in tins)	3 10 0	per two tins

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*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.
Wednesday, 18th October, 1911.

THE HINDUS AND INDIAN CIVILISATION.

MAJOR KEITH, late of the Indian Archæological Survey, contributes two instructive papers to the new number of "Imperial and Asiatic Quarterly Review" on questions of ethnological interest—"The antiquity and originality of Hindu civilisation" and "Race: who are the Hindus?"—which, but for the matter of length, might well have been dealt with together. The story that India has nothing old, that she borrowed from all quarters, voiced by many authorities, notably by Dr. James Fergusson, the historian of achitecture, Major Keith rejects, together with his opinions as to the antiquity and originality of Indian civilisation. He denies the assertion of Sir William Jones, that Indian civilisation was derived from Persia and will not hear of the association of the Indian law-giver Manu with Manes, the Egyptian. The Hindus, he observes, may be of the same Aryan race as the Greek but in their art they constitute a sort of antipodes. All Indian ornamental forms in art are culled from external nature and its naturalism is the very opposite of the Greek, which reflects their idealism. We have in Hindu architecture not alone distinctive racial traits or national character, but much that is distinctive in the history of Hindu civilisation—the family spirit as distinct from Western individualism, and above all, the religion of the people; it is a veritable history of Hindu civilisation. The great Karli, or Buddhist, cave temple on the Poona road, writes Major Keith, has not only been described as a fine illustration of lighting from the ceiling, but the parent of the "dim religious light" subsequently introduced in the Byzantine and the Gothic cathedrals of Europe. And yet, he exclaims, there are men who deny the Hindus originality in their ideas and thought. "We have the more pleasure in making this statement," adds Major Keith, "for we have been indirectly attacked, not by authorities with any knowledge, but by passing visitors to India, purely interested in Western trade, for declaring that Western civilisation was destroying the indigenous art and industry of India." Then allowing barter to be one of the oldest instincts of mankind, its development, of course is dependent on the discovery of products and bringing together the arts to maturity. There is another evidence, for we may take it as perfectly certain that a considerable internal trade was evolved in India during the time of the non-Aryans and with the Babylonians not later than 2,000 B. C. for a simple people like the Indians could not have consumed a tithe of their production.

In his manifold arguments, through which we cannot here follow him, Major Keith makes one remark which may attract attention. It emphasises his conviction that the African continent will in the future be the theatre for the solution of many questions, the primary one being India's congested population. It does not look much like this at present. But there was, Major Keith thinks, a very active intercourse between the Far East and Africa from prehistoric times, far more than people imagined, and the Indian land was prolonged far down in the Southern Sea, so that intercourse between the two continents was rendered, comparatively speaking easy, and from an early period we know the intercourse continued; but the writer hesitates to form an opinion as to how the Negroids and Australoids who were among the first Indian emigrants, reached India. He believes Indian commerce to be quite as old as the Egyptian and adduces good reasons for so doing, notwithstanding the many arguments against his case which are to be found in the works of numerous authors. "We must not judge India by our own Saxon civilisation which borrowed from all quarters and has been doing so in modern times... We are the authors of a great and monumental work in India, but our fatal mistake has been to undervalue indigenous power. The Romans thought they had destroyed it in Algeria, ancient Mauretania, but look at the country now where the indigenous arts thrive better than the imported ones.' Major Keith's matured conviction is that India is the seat of a very ancient civilisation and whether we look at its sociology, its psychology, its arts, its morals, religious or philosophical ideas, we see traits of much originality.

As to who are the Hindus, the second question to which Major Keith addresses himself, we are told it is a subject to which the writer has devoted considerable study. Did they, he asks, come of an Aryan race, or are they a melange made up of many races, founded on what may be called on an aboriginal, or rather indigenous substratum? For at one time there was a dark race who occupied the entire continent of India and this has been recruited from many quarters with immigrants who have included Australoid, Negroid, Mongolian or Tartar blood. The Asiatic and European race may have come of our original stock, but through acquired characters and the influence of a different "milieu ambient" over long periods of time, they have become two distinct races with different activities. But as the result of his investigations Major Keith declares the Hindus to be a conglomerate, made up of many branches of the Asiatic race, who, if owning traits and qualities, mental as well as physical, common to the human species, have become through the lapse of ages dating back to the Quarternary period of history and the Ice Age, a race differing in many ways from the European. Formed of many branches and coming from various quarters of the Eastern Hemisphere, they have been fixed into our Indian race and this through the influence of the land, the climate, food and mixture of dissimilar individuals—in other words, they are like a stream fed by many rivulets. Major Keith will not concur in the view that India is composed of many races and many nationalities for he can see no substantial difference between a Rajput, a Mahratta, or a Sikh while the difference between many Mahomedans and Hindus is a difference more of religion than race. We doubt if the Indians themselves will accept this opinion, though it would be to their national advantage if they did.

CANADIAN NATIONALIST PARTY.

THE recent Canadian Elections have brought into prominence a Canadian party—the Nationalists, or more properly the French-Canadian Nationalists,—about which the average reader probably knows little, and for this reason peculiar interest attaches to a long article, which is published in a Parisian political paper, upon this party, its origin and its growth. The main cause, which has brought the French-Canadian Nationalist party into being is the large immigration, which has taken place in Canada during recent years. The French-Canadians have always been a progressive people, and until some few years ago they had more than held their own in friendly rivalry with the British colonists in trade and in the exploitation of Canada's wonderful resources. They were a solid, compact and ever-growing community, bound together by the ties of a common religion and everywhere preserving the same characteristics under similar systems of legislation and administration. They had expanded from a small population of 60,000 people left in Canada after the British conquest into a community of three-million people, and were at least half-of the population of the Dominion. Suddenly some ten years ago, their position began rapidly to change. A huge tide of immigration set in from Britain and the United States. Since 1901 there have been out of two million immigrants 750,000 from Great Britain, 700,000 from the United States, and only 16,000 from France. The French Nationalists were quick to perceive the gravity of the situation, which by immigration had reduced them to figure as only a third of the population in ten years with a prospect of greater proportional reduction. It was evident that their only hope for the future was to exercise a strong political influence, and accordingly the Quebec representatives in the Ottawa Parliament determined no longer to split into Conservatives and Liberals and so to lose themselves in the mass, but to form a *bloc* in defence of their language, religion, and autonomy. Under the able leadership of a young but singularly able statesman, Mr. Bourassa, their object as a minority party is to influence the counsels of the Canadian nation in a similar manner to that which the Irish party has been able to adopt at Home. With this object, they unexpectedly threw in their lot with the Conservatives in the anti-Reciprocity campaign and narrowly missed attaining their object. That Mr. Borden should have been able, however narrowly, to obtain a position independent of his Nationalist allies of the moment was never dreamed by the most sanguine Conservative in Canada. The Nationalists have thus openly adopted purely opportunist methods and must be closely watched as a dangerous force in Canadian politics. It has in the past been the Empire's boast that her French subjects in Canada were equal in loyalty with their British neighbours. This can scarcely be said now after the formation of a solid Nationalist Party with a definite programme. Its policy is frankly anti-Imperial, and actually one of independence for Canada. It would have no Canadian fleet, and no bearing of any naval and military burdens for England. At the same time the party also aims at establishing a French preponderance in the Canadian Republic by leaving the west to the Anglo-Saxons, but swallowing up Quebec, Ontario, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick in a French *bloc*, united in language and religion. Time alone will show how far they will attain towards this ambitious goal. At the present moment the current of Imperial sentiment in Canada runs strong and with a constant accession for years to come of British blood there is no reason to expect its weakening. The Nationalists therefore may find it convenient to modify their policy again, but while they may trim their sails to suit the wind their real aims must never be overlooked.

LORD AMPTHILL'S LETTER.

LORD AMPTHILL by his letter to the London Press in mail week, has called attention in a timely manner to an aspect of the problem of the Indians in South Africa, which must not be permitted to be submerged by larger issues. We refer to the hardships suffered by the Indians under the Gold Law and the Townships Act of 1908 and 1909. It is not improbable that Indians will in the near future have to fight again for the rights, which were admitted to be their due by General Smuts in the correspondence which passed between him and Mr. Gandhi in March and April last. At the time when the concessions in regard to immigration had been so hardly won, the other grievances to which we now refer had been temporarily sunk in their favour. We do not think that they should be so treated on a second occasion, and therefore we are glad that Lord Ampthill has brought them so plainly and forcibly to the memory of Indians, and has also brought them to the attention of the British public. They were left out of the fight of last spring simply because it was felt that by demanding too much the Indians might wreck their chance of obtaining anything. Since then, however, the circumstances have changed, and we think that Indians should now demand not only that the concessions which have been promised should be given effect, but that something should be done to remove the hardships of the Gold and Township laws. It is easy to prove that South Africa is guilty at least of an attempt to default, to withdraw from the promises she has made, and the Indian position is the stronger since her claims have been taken up by the British Government and their justice advocated from Whitehall. The Government having committed itself so far, it is highly desirable that the British public should be educated as to the nature of these further grievances. With the object of bringing them to the notice of the Colonial Secretary, a petition was forwarded in May last by the British Indian Association, but this did not receive much, if any, attention from the public. The letter with the name of an ex-Indian Governor at its foot cannot fail, however, to attract attention, and the clear and admirable manner in which the case is stated will cause it to appeal powerfully to the British sense of justice. We hope that other Anglo-Indians, and Indian residents in England will see that the subject is kept before the public eye, for a volume of public opinion at Home would be invaluable aid in the struggle which is coming.

CONFESSIONS.

WELL-meaning citizens who express their doubts as to police methods and the value of confessions, would do well to read the new report on the administration of the Police of the United Provinces issued by the Hon'ble Mr. Douglas Straight. He tells us that the directions on the subject of confessions are now generally understood and appreciated, and the tendency to obtain a confession first and build up evidence round it is gradually dying out. Several Superintendents have followed Mr. H. G. Richardson's excellent practice of sending for and examining the confessing accused before his statement is recorded, and it is evident that in most districts, confessions are now viewed with far greater caution. In fact, there has been a vast improvement as regards the supervision of case work generally. The fact is the old school of thanahdar is gradually being eradicated and with him many unprincipled methods of investigation are disappearing.

It is understood that Lady Ampthill will not be able to accompany the Royal Party to India.

It is stated that the deliberations of the Simla Committee on Army Economies are likely to continue to the end of the current month.

ON the night of 15th instant the Deputy Commissioner of Kohat with the aid of troops of the Kohat Garrison succeeded in intercepting a gang of twelve raiders, capturing one and killing two others.

MAJOR STEPHENSON, I. M. S., is likely to be employed as Professor of Biology at the Government College, Lahore, for a further period of five years.

IN connection with Badshai Mela or People's fete during the Coronation Durbar at Delhi, the Raja of Jhind has undertaken to maintain a fully equipped hospital dispensary for the use of the public.

THE Bhatia Mitra Mandal of Bombay have petitioned H. E. Sir George Clarke praying that he may successfully bring about the abolition of book-makers in Western India and have expressed their pleasure in the attitude he has already taken on the question. The petition contains a request that the totalisation may also be declared illegal.

IT is reported from Burma that survey parties with sufficient escorts are to be sent northwards into Kaku and Khamti country, as the Chinese activity in that quarter corresponds with their intrusion into the Lohit valley. The rebellion in China may, however, effect a marked change in the forward policy on the North-East Frontier of India.

BRITISH emigrants in August numbered 22,000, making for the eight months of the year a total of 174,000. A return shows that 142,000 went to the Dominions, including 116,000 to Canada.

IT is reported that the French and English postal authorities have entered into negotiations with the young French airman M. Marc Pourpe with a view to his conducting an aerial post during a fortnight between Calais and Dover.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

INTERNATIONAL ATHLETICS.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

London, Sept. 29.

One result of the Olympic Games movement has been the increase in the number of International events or contests, and the widening of interests in athletic matters. It is only a few years back that many sportsmen paid no attention to events outside their own country, and if they did by chance hear of a big performance elsewhere, they were often sceptical. Not so now-a-days, however, when Home sportsmen are keenly interested in the doings of United States and European athletics, as well as in the performances of sons of the Empire in Canada, South Africa, Australia, New Zealand and elsewhere; whilst followers of pastimes in these countries now show the closest interest in English, Irish, Scotch and Welsh sports.

PROGRESSIVE SWEDES.

The writer met S. S. Abrahams, the old Cambridge Blue, at the London A. C. sports last Saturday and from him learnt some interesting particulars of athletics in Sweden. Mr. Abrahams is enthusiastic regarding the manner the athletes of Sweden have progressed under the coaching of Ernie Bjertberg and paid the Swedish born American a high compliment.

In less than a year Bjertberg has developed a fine lot of athletes who are likely to show up particularly well in the field events. It is very extraordinary that England, the original home of modern athletics lags behind in this matter of coaching. The writer was the first to point out our weakness in this respect, the occasion being a chapter on American methods in W. G. George's book on Training published in 1902. He has been hammering away ever since, and recently again made a proposal that it would help if an Athletes Advisory Club were formed and a number of amateur coaches appointed to assist. This has apparently aroused some interest, and a prominent London sporting paper is now getting the opinions of notable athletes on the matter. It is too late in the day to expect much good to result by the time the next Olympic Games are decided, but if one hundred old English cracks banded themselves together into an Advisory Club, and did all they could to seek out likely talent, the old country would surely take a more prominent place by the time the 1916 Olympiad came along.

THE END OF THE SEASON.

The end of the flat racing season may be said to have come with the decision of the London A. C. meeting last Saturday. Two athletes who competed may be promineut at the Olympic Games, they being C. N. Seedhouse and D. H. Jacobs. The former has the build to make a fine quarter miler and even possibly a half miler. He has done 49 2-5 secs for 438 yards, and on Saturday he easily won the 600 yards challenge cup race in 1 min 13 2-5 secs. This is only moderate, but Seedhouse has the five long stride, which makes one think he could get half a mile. Jacobs is an improved sprinter and the manner he won his heat (from scratch) in the 300 yards handicap, was impressive. The watch showed 31 3-5 secs and he almost equalled this when getting second in the final, Jacobs is a very frail looking athlete, but so was the late L. E. Myers and others who might be named, and he may also prove to be one of England's main hopes for the "quarter" at Stockholm next July.

OVER-SEAS ATHLETES.

The latest news of the doings of over-seas athlets gives home sportsman something to think about. At the Metropolitan championships (held at New York) for instance, M. W. Steppard's half mile, on a heavy track, in 1 min. 54 3-5 secs. denotes how he is moving. The Irish-American crack retains his form splendidly and the writer is quite prepared to see him right to the fore at Stockholm. Another thing the meeting under notice proved, was that the United States has found still another fine sprinter. For a comparative novice to win the 100 yards in 10 secs. and the 220 yards in 22 secs, beating such tried performers as J. M. Rosenberger and J. J. Archer, points to A. Meyer's future being bright.

More startling news comes from Australia, the cable announcing that J. Donaldson of South Africa has defeated C. E. Holliway of America by 4 yards in their 130 yards Championship sprint with the watch showing 12 secs. Donaldson is an Australian, and not a South African and one also wonders if another mistake has been made regarding the distance. Both men are capable of beating 12 secs for 120 yards, but 130 yards in that time is indeed a tall order. Still one remembers Donaldson's wonderful speed (9 3-8 secs) when beating Postle and Holloway at Johannesburg early in 1909, so that with very favourable conditions the time and distance given may not be wrong. This performance naturally recalls the great feat of Harry Hutchens on Feby. 21 1882, when he won the final of a Sheffield Handicap and ran 131 1-2 yards in 12 2-5 secs.

SWIMMING.

The Southern 220 yards swimming championship at Lambeth Baths on Wednesday enabled J. H. Derbyshire to show how well he preserves his speed. He easily won the race referred to and finished his task in 2 mins 39 4-5 secs, a very useful performance. The 100 yards Southern ladies championship was also decided on Wednesday, Miss V. Neare of Enfield winning cleverly in 1 min 21 4-5 secs, after securing her heat in 1 min 20 2-5 secs. This is the young lady, who won the 15 miles swim in the Thames a few weeks back and she can evidently sprint as well as stay.

Although Wales was without P. Radmilovic, the players of the Principality put up a fairly good game against England in the annual water-polo match. In 1909 Wales went under by 16 goals too, but the game has improved since then and the Welshmen were not so badly beaten at Penarth on Saturday. The visitors scored four times during the first half, but the Welshmen stuck well to their task and succeeded in twice beating the English goalkeeper, during the second portion of the game, though victory finally went to the visitors by 9 goals to 2.

BOXING.

There will be few readers of these notes who have not learnt by cable of the big efforts to prevent the Johnson Vs. Wells boxing match taking place. All sorts of reasons have been given, but it is well to remember that the prime movers in the matter are really opposed to boxing (though some protest otherwise.) The real situation amounts to this, that if the Faddists can stop one match, they can stop others. Further, it is idle to suppose that they will stay their hands at boxing. Other sports and pastimes will be attacked until, as a clergyman pointed out recently, knitting will be about the only occupation left for Englishmen. Some very interesting opinions were heard at a meeting of sportsmen to protest against the interference with boxing of people, who know so little of the game. The speakers included three clergymen, who testified to the great value of boxing in their working-lads missions and said the sport did much to check bullying, while tending to make the lads lead cleaner and steadier lives.

It is well to point out that the real reason Johnson and Wells are not boxing at Earls Court, is because the owners of the place obtained an injunction restraining the landlord from allowing the hall to be used for the contest. The owners were moved to act in the matter because the chairman of the London County Council wrote a letter saying the holding of the contest might lead to the license of the place being witheld next time, These are simple facts, but clearly illustrate the necessity of sportsmen uniting to prevent Faddists obtaining a footing on municipal and political bodies. By hook or by crook, the Faddists really stopped the Johnson V. Wells boxing match and it is almost unnecessary to say they will be encouraged to make further attacks on boxing or any other sport they do not approve of.

FOOTBALL.

The Australian Northern Union tourists commenced their engagements at Coventry on Saturday when they met a team representing the Midlands and North of England. The home players held their own during the opening half but the brilliancy of V. Fainsworth turned the tables in favour of the visitors during the second half, and they finally came out victorious (20 points to 11). It was in the quick hand to hand passing of the three-quarter backs that the Australians excelled, the home players rather more than holding their own in the forward department.

SOCCER.

The unbeaten clubs are rapidly growing less in number and though only four Saturdays of the new season are past, not a single team in the First Division of the League can now claim an unbeaten record. Bradford City lost the distinction when visiting Oldham, and it is worthy of mention that the citizens have never yet prevailed on the Oldham ground. Tottenham Hotspur also went under when receiving Bleckham Rovers, which completed the discomfort of the teams previously undefeated. Two of the best wins on Saturday were gained by West Bromwich Albion and Bolton Wanderers on visiting Liverpool and Preston North End respectively. This is quite in keeping with recent form and points to the two promoted clubs making a brave fight to retain their positions at the top of the table, Aston Villa showed to advantage when beating (3-0), Everton and the chocolate and light blue colours will be near the front again when the final table is made up.

Clapton Orient and Bradford are doing very well in the second Division, as instanced by their 7 points for 4 games, but Chelsea, are disappointing their supporters. The feature of the Southern League tournament so far has been the form of Queen's Park Rangers, this north-west London team having won four successive matches and prevented rival teams scoring even one goal against them. Turning to Scotland, the team of the hour is Glasgow Rangers, both in League and other fray. The Rangers defeated Clyde (1—0) in the Semi-final of the Glasgow Charity Cup and two days later won their sixth League match, which indicates that the team is again very powerful.

THE TURF.

A glance at the odds against the candidates for the Cesarewitch shows the power of the Manton stable, that establishment sheltering four animals, which have been well supported for the race the quartette including Mirador, the favourite. Alec Taylor has long been famous for the manner he trains stayers and he also and invariably shines when we have had a long dry period. Those, who have walked on the springy turf of the Wiltshire Downs, well know that it is of such a nature that it seldom becomes dry shard. Further the high and chalky nature of the soil is not easily affected by frost and Taylor can exercise his charges when many trainers are forced to turn to the tan and moss tracks.

The Manton stable has certainly been showing to great advantage lately. The stable supplied the first second favourites for the Prince Edward Handicap in King Midas and Papavero and they finished first and second, though in the reverse order the second favourite being the better of the pair. Of course a section of the public always declares that the stable knows which of the candidate is the best, but this is not so, as it is nothing unusual for the respective owner to forbid trials.

LEMBERG'S GAME EFFORT.

Lemberg made a splendid effort to win the Jockey Club Stakes of 10,000 sovs at New market yesterday. The Manton crack had to concede 28lbs. to steadfast and it was no disgrace that he failed to hold the three years old at the finish. The winner was receiving 9lbs. from Lycaon and beat him more easily than Prince Palatine did in the St. Leger (at even weights) and it is just possible that Steadfast is equal to the St. Leger winner. Swyford did not run yesterday, but Lord Derby's four year old would indeed have had to do something big to finish in front of Lemberg, Mr. Lairies flier giving a splendid exhibition of courage in his efforts to beat steadfast.

IN GENERAL.

Maple Leap, III, won the British Motor Boat Club's flying mile championship at Burnham-on-Crouch, last Saturday in 2 mins 1 1-5 secs. It may be pointed out that Mr. Mackay Edgar's boat was thirteen seconds late in getting over the starting mark, consequently the actual time occupied in covering the course was 1 min 48 1-5 secs.

Four new leagues have been formed in the Manchester districts and the game will receive a further fillip should a Toronto team visit England (as is mooted) during the season.

New market, which is not noted for progress, has just carved out improvements to the stand, and built a new weighing in enclosure.

Miss V. Neave swam 300 yards in 4 mins. 31 1-5 secs. at the Popular Baths (London) last evening, which is a record for a lady. On the same evening at Liverpool, Miss Daisy Carn swam 100 metres (109 yards) in 1 min. 24 3-5 secs. which is also claimed as a record.

Six of the sixteen cricketers sailing for Australia to-day have had previous experience "down under."

Steadfast has been running just one year and has taken part in fourteen races of which he has won ten, the stakes amounting to £16,035.

VACCINATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—As the anti-vaccinators frequently endeavour to prejudice Indians against a protective measure which has effectively checked the ravages of small-pox in this country, the following figures, taken from the "Nineteenth Century Review" for August may be useful.

In Germany, vaccination and re-vaccination are compulsory. In the United Kingdom, owing to the agitation of the anti-vaccinators, vaccination can be avoided by anyone who professes scruples and re-vaccination is wholly optional. During the 15 years, 1895 to 1909 inclusive, the number of deaths from small-pox was 790 in Germany and 6,478 in the United Kingdom. The relative populations of the two countries in 1908 were 62 and 44 millions. On this basis, the number of deaths in the United Kingdom should have been less than 561. The difference between this number and 6,478 is a measure of the achievement of the anti-vaccination movement.—Yours, etc.

P.

[We do not know what the Bombay public vaccinators' returns are, but we have incidentally that the Commissioner of Police has vaccinated 11,560 Mahomedan pilgrims since the beginning of August, and that the health of the city of Bombay under the head of small-pox has in consequence been quite satisfactory.—Ed. B. G.]

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAY RAILWAY TICKETS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Will you allow me to suggest that, only this time, the Christmas concession tickets at reduced fares for 1st and 2nd Class passengers be issued by all Indian Railways from 1st December next or about a week earlier than that, instead of their usual annual time, the middle of December.

By this favour people will get the best opportunity of visiting Bombay, Delhi and Calcutta and other principal centres on the

THE WAR IN TRIPOLI.

PROBABLE SURRENDER OF TURKISH TROOPS.

Powers Cease their Efforts to Mediate.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TRIPOLI, Oct. 16.

Some of the expeditionary troops are going to garrison the other coast towns, especially Benghazi, Tobruk and Derna.

Italian telegrams report that 150 Turkish officers have surrendered at Tripoli.

It is believed that the Turkish troops will shortly surrender, in spite of orders from Constantinople.

LONDON, Oct. 17.

It is semi-officially announced in Vienna that the Powers have ceased their efforts in regard to mediation in the Turco-Italian hostilities, as they do not see any prospect of success, Italy being apparently determined upon the absolute annexation of Tripoli.

A message from Tripoli states that the Turks on Sunday night attacked the Italian entrenchments at the Bumeliana Wells, their forces being divided into two parties with two guns. Desultory firing took place, and one Italian soldier was wounded.

Two Italian regiments eventually drove off the Turks with a hot fire.

Four aeroplanes have arrived at Tripoli, and will immediately be used.

ROME, Oct. 17.

A message from Massowa to the *Tribuna* states a considerable Turkish force is assembling at Moka, and it is feared that a dash on the Eritrean coast is contemplated.

BERLIN, Oct. 17.

It is denied that the German Emperor sent for the Italian Ambassador to confer with him, as reported yesterday.

LONDON, Oct. 17.

The Foreign Office has informed Lloyds that all the Ottoman lighthouses, including those in the Adriatic and the Red Sea, have been closed by order of the Porte.

The *Daily Mail* states that the Gallipoli division of the Turkish Fleet sailed yesterday morning for an unknown destination.

The favourable Turkish reply regarding the free passage of corn-carrying vessels has stimulated the Russian corn-market.

HYDERABAD MOSLEMS PRAYERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 17.

The Moslems of Hyderabad (Deccan) are greatly agitated over the Turco-Italian war and Urdu telegraphic extracts are being circulated twice a day. The Ulema have made arrangements for prayers to be offered at the mosques for a Turkish victory. On Friday, the 13th instant, special prayers were offered in the Juma Masjid. The Musulmans hope that His Majesty King George V will exert his friendly influence with Italy towards effecting peace, as he promised at his accession that he would walk in the footsteps of his father.

CHOLERA RIOTS IN ITALY.

Extraordinary Outbreak near Rome.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MILAN, Oct. 17.

Cholera riots have broken out at Segni, near Rome. The mob yesterday sacked the Town Hall, the Mayor and clerks being obliged to escape by the roof.

The rioters subsequently carried seven cholera patients, two of whom were dying, on their shoulders, from the hospital to their homes.

Troops from Rome have occupied Segni, and many arrests have been made.

MURDER OF STEWARDESS ON THE "CHINA."

Goudhino Executed.

LONDON, Oct. 17.

The man, Goudhino, bath attendant on the liner "China," who was accused of the murder of the stewardess, Brewster, between Colombo and Aden, was executed at Pentonville prison to-day.

BANK OF EGYPT FAILURE.

Compulsory Winding up.

LONDON, Oct. 17.

The compulsory winding up of the Bank of Egypt has been ordered.

BAVARIAN REGENT'S ILLNESS.

LONDON, Oct. 17.

Some anxiety is felt regarding the nonagenarian Regent of Bavaria, who is suffering from bronchitis, having caught a cold last week while out stag shooting.

[Prince Luitpold the uncle of the late and present King of Bavaria, was born in 1821 and appointed Regent on 10th June, 1886. He married in April, 1844, Archduchess Augusta of Austria-Tuscany, who died in 1864.]

OBITUARY.

LONDON, Oct. 16.

The death is announced of Major-General W. T. Goldsworthy.

[Major-General Walter Tuckfield Goldsworthy, (retired), was born in 1837, the son of Mr. T. Goldsworthy, of Calcutta. He served in the Indian Mutiny and the Abyssinian Expedition, and from 1885 to 1900 was Conservative member for Hammersmith.]

PRINCESS MANHARKUNVERBA of Bhavnagar, the only daughter of H. H. the Maharaja of Bhavnagar, whose skill in needle-work and embroidery has been widely admired has already gained gold medals at seven great exhibitions. This year the Princess sent samples of her work to the Festival of Empire exhibition at the Crystal Palace. The work was highly commended and the Princess has been granted a diploma.

The Municipal Council of Wilmersdorf, a suburb of Berlin, has decided to request the Municipality of Berlin to call a conference of all the boroughs of Greater Berlin at the earliest possible date for the purpose of discussing measures to be taken to relieve the distress caused by the high prices of food.

THE REVOLT IN CHINA.

Japan Accused of being its Prompter.

BATTLE IMMINENT NORTH OF HANKOW.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 16.

Three of the fastest Italian cruisers have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to proceed to China.

PEKING, Oct. 16.

It is officially stated that the passenger traffic between Peking and Tientsin will cease to-morrow. The stoppage, which is absolutely unnecessary, may cause a panic.

An Edict has been published, ordering the distribution of rice to the poor and the opening of the Peking granaries for the sale of cheap grain.

The semi-official Press in Peking is trying to make out that Japan is at the bottom of the revolution at Wuchang.

PEKING, Oct. 17.

The American Legation guard is being reinforced by ninety Marines from Manila.

LONDON, Oct. 16.

Yuan-shih-Kai has telegraphed his acceptance of the post of Viceroy of Hupeh and Hunan.

This event has caused optimism in official circles, for it is believed that the name of Yuan-shih-Kai will terrify the revolutionists.

General Yin-chang will make his headquarters seventy miles north of Hankow.

PEKING, Oct. 16.

Chao-erh-feng has been removed from Sze-Chuan, and transferred to his old post in Tibet.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 16.

A telegram received here from Mukden states that the Viceroy has been ordered to concentrate all troops in Mukden and adjacent districts, and to take measures with all speed for the maintenance of tranquillity in Mongolia, where there is much discontent with the Chinese colonization, and military and administrative reforms.

The threatening situation recently led to an exchange of views between China and Russia, when the latter country despatched two hundred troops to protect its Consulate and subjects.

HANKOW, Oct. 17.

Sachenping has arrived in a gunboat. He has assured the Consuls that he will not endanger the foreign settlements.

A trainload of Imperial troops has arrived and encamped north of Hankow.

Two thousand Wuchang rebels, with batteries, have crossed the Yangtse and have disappeared up the Han River.

A telegram from Peking states that order suspending passenger traffic to Tientsin has been cancelled. One train each way will be allowed daily.

It is very significant that reports are being received of Manchu women changing into Chinese dress.

The turbulent Hunghutze tribesmen are very active in North Manchuria. Russian troops have been ordered to check them immediately.

A further telegram from Hankow states that Admiral Winsloe has arrived in the "Alacrity." Five extra international warships have arrived.

It is estimated that there are now four thousand Imperial troops north of Hankow. They are splendidly drilled and equipped and are awaiting reinforcements. The rebels of Wuchang are marching to attack them, and a battle is believed to be imminent.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 17.

In response to the appeal of Russian subjects at Hankow, the Russian Government is sending a steamer of the eastern volunteer fleet to protect and take off the Russians.

LONDON, Oct. 17.

It is officially stated in Berlin that landing parties from the German warships, "Leipzig," "Tiger" and "Vaterland", together with the German Volunteers in Hankow, are engaged in a fight with the Chinese mob in the streets.

An Austrian warship sails, to-morrow, for Hankow.

ATTEMPT ON THE LIFE OF MR. TAFT.

Dynamite Found under a Bridge.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.

Thirty-six sticks of dynamite were found beneath a bridge on the Southern Pacific Railway between El Capiten and Gaviota just before President Taft's train passed yesterday morning.

An investigation has been opened.

ROYALIST TROUBLE IN PORTUGAL.

Northern Frontier Patrolled.

LONDON, Oct. 17.

Portuguese troops are vigilantly patrolling the Northern frontier. They report that there are considerable numbers of Royalists in the townships of that border. The Spanish cavalry have captured about a hundred.

THE AMERICAN PRESIDENCY

Senator La Follette's Candidature.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.

A convention of Progressive Republicans has endorsed the candidature of Senator La Follette for the Presidency.

THE RECENT AUSTRALIAN STRIKE.

Four Men Sentenced.

SYDNEY, Oct. 17.

Three of the leaders of the strike at Lithgow, in August, have been sentenced to fifteen months' hard labour for rioting, and another rioter to three years' for attempting to wreck a train.

A SEVERE shock of earthquake was felt at Naini Tal early on Sunday morning.

DISORDER IN PERSIA.

Kashan Occupied by Cossacks.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TEHERAN, Oct. 17.

Three-hundred Persian Cossacks, under Russian leadership, bombarded Kashan on Friday. Naib Hussein, who defeated Government troops on September 22nd, defended the town for five hours, but evacuated it at midnight The Cossacks occupied Kashan on Saturday

LADY DOCTOR ROBBED AND BEATEN.

Outrage on the Shiraz Road.

TEHERAN, Oct. 17.

Miss Rose, an English medical missionary, has been beaten and robbed on the Shiraz road, and has arrived at her destination on foot, after losing her whole equipment.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 17.

News from Seistan states that the roads round Seistan and to the south and west of Kain are all unsafe and the adjacent villages are being constantly raided by large bands of Baluchi raiders. Local Persian forces are quite incapable of dealing with these robber bands which have had their own way for months past.

HINDU UNIVERSITY SCHEME.

Darbhanga Maharaja Gives Five Lakhs.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MOZAFFARNAGAR, Oct. 17.

The Hindu University Deputation on its way to Meerut halted for a day here on the 15th instant. A well-attended meeting was held in the evening at the house of Lala Sukhbirsinha and donations to the extent of thirty thousand rupees were announced, Lala Sukhbirsinha and Kumar Jagadishprasad, I.C.S. subscribing rupees ten thousand each.

MEERUT, Oct. 17.

A public meeting in connection with the Hindu University was held here to-day under the presidency of H. H. the Maharajah Bahadur of Darbhanga. The Maharajah Bahadur announced his donation of five lakhs for the University which gave universal satisfaction and was considered worthy of his position as the leader of the Hindu Society. The following is the concluding portion of the speech of His Highness the Maharajah Bahadur of Darbhanga delivered here at the public meeting to-day:—

"We have now, Gentlemen, arrived at the most practical portion of the work that lies before us this afternoon, namely the announcement of the subscriptions to the great cause we all have at heart under the conditions I have named. I beg to be permitted to announce five lakhs of rupees as my humble contribution to the fund. Four lakhs to be devoted towards the general purposes of the University and one lakh for some particular purpose connected with it which, I hope, to specify after consultation with the leaders of the movement. I am convinced that you, gentlemen, of this historical district of Meerut who testified your zeal and enthusiasm for the principles of our Puranic religion by the remarkable reception you were pleased to give me yesterday and for which the Honorable Pandit Madan Mohan Malviya and myself shall be for ever thankful, will be foremost in your support and assistance to Hinduism and to the Hindu Nishwa Vidyalaya".

ARBITRATION AWARDS.

Bengal Chamber of Commerce and Government Proposals.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 17.

In the Bengal Chamber of Commerce proceedings for September 1911 it is stated that the members of the Chamber have lately drawn attention to the proposals which are believed to be under the consideration of the Government for the revision of the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act of 1882. In this connection, it has been suggested that the Calcutta Court of Small Causes should be empowered to file awards made under the Indian Arbitration Act of 1899. The Committee have examined this proposal which was previously put forward three years ago and have consulted their legal advisers with regard to it. They have re-affirmed the conclusion which they came to in 1908 that it is not desirable in the interests of the merchants that the Small Cause Court should be empowed to file arbitration awards, for it appears to them that efforts in this direction might give rise to difficulties without affording any advantage over the existing system whereby awards can be filed by the High Court only.

THE ROYAL VISIT.

Durbar Post Office.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 16.

The following press communique has been issued:—

Special arrangements are being made by the Post Office for the sorting and delivery of postal articles intended for persons attending and for troops taking part in the Durbar to be held at Delhi in December next. To ensure the prompt and correct delivery of postal articles for persons residing in any of the various Civil Camps it is necessary that the particular camp in which the addressee is resident should be specified in the address followed by the words "Coronation Durbar". Thus—(name, etc.) Press Camp, Coronation Durbar. The Coronation Durbar Post Office is now open.

In the case of postal articles for officers and troops taking part in the Durbar Concentration the addresses such as Regiment, Battery, Brigade, Staff appointment or Department should be specified in the address followed by the words "Durbar Concentration." Thus, (name, etc.) 3rd Cavalry Brigade, Durbar Concentration. In all cases it is important that the word Delhi should not be included in the address as its addition will ordinarily result in the postal articles being delayed by being sent to the Delhi Head Post Office.

BREACHES ON EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 17.

Heavy rain has fallen on the East Indian Railway and serious breaches have occurred between Singavayakonda and Suryayareddypalayam near Ongole. Transhipment is impossible and the Calcutta mail which was due to arrive in Madras to-day returned to Bezwada and the Madras train which left here last night is returning from Bitrugunta.

VICEREGAL VISIT TO HYDERABAD.

Cheeta Hunt Witnessed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, Oct. 17.

After fairly heavy rain during last night, the morning broke chilly and a low mist hung over the road from the Residency to Surinagar.

At 6-30 a. m. H. E. the Viceroy and Staff, Col. Pinhey and the Residency Staff and General Sir J. Woon motored to H. H. the Nizam's shikargound to witness cheeta a hunt. At the rendezvous, some of the finest horses of H. H. the Nizam's stud were awaiting the guest who were received by Sir Afsur-ul-Mulk. The route to the rendezvous was guarded by the Nizam's District Police and no stranger was permitted to approach within half a mile.

Before mounting, His Excellency saw the cheeta, a fine animal, hoodwinked and leashed to a quaint-looking chariot drawn by bullocks. The party numbering thirty-two then rode for about a mile to some undulating ground and soon several herds of buck were seen quietly grazing at a short distance. Complete silence was observed and the shikari in charge of the cheeta skinfully stalked one of the best herds. When this was accomplished, the party took cover behind some rising ground and awaited developments. When the cheeta's chariot had been slowly driven to within a hundred yards of the quarry, the animal was let loose and in a few bounds he attacked his prey.

The buck, a huge animal, made a brave struggle and fought with the cheeta for a time but the latter, with a powerful stroke of the paw on the buck's head brought quarry down. The shikaris then ran up and swiftly despatched the buck. The incident was thrilling and demonstrated the remarkable training of the cheeta who was easily induced to return to his chariot with his prey resting beneath him.

A detour was then made towards the starting point, and after several vain attempts to round up the small herds, three small bucks were found on some rising ground. The time the cheeta was led to a rock there unleashed and left alone while two shikaries and several horsemen closed in towards the quarry. The buck moved towards the cheeta who crouched in the low grass ready to spring on his selected victim, but the buck perceived the move and made a hasty retreat. The cheeta bounded forward and soon marksdone a fine young buck which he killed.

This concluded the sport of the morning and H. E. the Viceroy thanked Sir Afsur-Ul-Mulk, his sons and also Kaja Kamin Uddin, Superintendent of the Shikari Khana. The party then returned to the residency by motor. There were several ladies present, including Mrs. Pinhey and Miss Pinhey, Mrs. Gayer, whose husband was also present, Miss Gamlen and Mrs. Miechie.

At 10 a.m. H. E. the Minister entertained H. E. the Viceroy at breakfast at his city palace. A guard-of-honour was present and accorded a Royal salute as His Excellency arrived and the band played during breakfast. Among other guests were members of His Excellency's staff, H. H. the Nizam, Col Pinhey and the Residency staff, General Sir J. Woon, some leading noblemen and a large number of Government officials.

VISIT TO GOLCONDA.

HYDERABAD, Oct. 17.

After the private visit His Highness the Nizam paid to the Viceroy this afternoon, His Excellency visited the historic ruins of Golconda. So much has been written of Golconda that it would be superfluous to enter into details. The Viceroy and party went over the old citadel and were much interested in its many features. Tea was served on Bala Hissa which commands a magnificent view of the surrounding country looking down on the fields of many hard fought battles in the days of the old kings.

The Viceroy next visited the Golconda parade grounds where a unique entertainment had been arranged. Only a few privileged people were present besides the Viceregal and Residency parties. First the Cadet Brigade of Hyderabad, an organisation of Sir Afsur-ul-Mulk, consisting of bodies of infantry, cavalry, and artillery, paraded and went through the various recognised movements prescribed according to the British drill book, in remarkably clever manner exciting the admiration of the Viceroy who was informed that the Corps was formed for the special amusement and indeed education of the late Nizam's two princes. Sports were next held in which the Nizam's team consisting of His Highness, Col. Pinhey, Osman Yar Doulat, Khusroo Jung, tried conclusions at tent pegging with a team of the Viceroy's Staff and beating them easily with a possible. Next His Highness showed that his father's expert powers as a shot had been fully inherited by him and he smashed bottle after bottle thrown in the air with perfect ease and astonished all present by hitting the edge of coins thrown into the air in the same manner. His Highness next showed his skill with the spear, and there followed the well-known trick riding display by the 1st and 2nd Lancers. The final came with a march past to stirring music by the cadets, the Viceroy smilingly taking the salute from their commander, 'Captain' Azuf, proudly marching at their head. A short visit was made to the Miralum tank and the Viceregal party returned by motor to the Residency.

ALLEGED THEFT OF TYPE.

Press Storekeeper Arrested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Oct 17.

Metharam Toljaram Ojha, storekeeper in the Government Press of the Commissioner of Karachi, was arrested about the end of last month for being found in possession of a packet of type (Government property), while on his way home from the press and the case is still pending in the Court of the Additional City Magistrate, the accused being on bail. He was re-arrested last night under the following circumstances: The Police on information received searched his house for the second time when large quantities of absolutely new type and other printing requisites worth some thousands of rupees were found very cleverly concealed in two walls of a small room, four feet by three feet, the type being solidly piled up in paper wrappers in tiers to a height of about 7 or 8 feet and then plastered with mud and whitewashed. The accused had a service of over fourteen years and it is surmised that this large quantity of type is an accumulation of several years' pilfering. Most of the types are absolutely new and bear Government mark and the name 'Piggin's type Foundry." A photograph has been taken of the room containing the types which are identified by the Superintendent of Commissioner's Press as Government property. The accused is in custody.

THE ABOR EXPEDITION.

Bad Weather and Rain still Continue.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

SIMLA, Oct. 17.

The following report has been received from the General Officer Commanding, Kobo.

October 13th. Weather still very wet. The river has risen three feet since last night. It is now at full monsoon level and there are no signs of falling. The main tank is well clear of the water.

October 14th. Heavy rain for the last 24 hours.

October 15th. No rain during the last 24 hours, but the river has not fallen. The health of the troops continues good.

Balek reports the fine Kebang Gams (Headman) came recently to Ladaum, also the road from Dalek to Kalek has been destroyed and pitfalls and stockades made. The Basi Gams asked for an interview with the General Officer Commanding and have been told that they have been received.

As regards the delay in receipt of some of the above telegrams the Director General of Telegraphs, in a letter, dated Simla, October 16th, to the Chief of the General Staff said:—I hear that Kobo has been cut off since 3 p. m. on the 11th October owing to high floods having carried away the spans over the Lalli and Dighong rivers. The Brahmaputra is 19 feet above normal at Sadiya. Working parties are at or near the breaks, but the restoration of communication depends largely on the state of the rivers. Arrangements have been made for sending telegrams by boat twice daily from Saykwa to Kobo, but none can come by the river's way owing to the strength of the current. Instructions have been sent to Kobo to send their messengers down by boat to Dibrugarh.

CYCLE VOLUNTEER RIFLES, RANGOON.

Successful Despatch Ride.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 17.

The Cycle Company of Rangoon Volunteer Rifles, on the suggestion of Captain Loudon, Commanding the company, carried out a despatch ride to Pegu and back on Saturday based on the assumption that the General Officer, Rangoon, wished to get into communication with the Officer Commanding the Forces at Pegu, the railway and telegraphic communications being out. Relays of volunteers rode the distances averaging five miles each way. The run to Pegu, fifty-five miles, was covered in under four hours, the return journey was slightly longer, but the reply to the despatch was returned to Brigade Office in eight hours twenty-six minutes. This is the first time such a trial test has been attempted. Rangoon men slept over night at post making their own arrangements for food.

PARTITION DAY IN CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 17.

The Partition Anniversary was observed this morning as usual. Thousand of persons went in procession to the riverside and, after bathing, assembled at Beadon Square where, after tying of *Rakhis*, Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjee urged the people to continue agitating against the Partition of Bengal.

LATER.

Anti-partition demonstrations in Calcutta to-day included a procession in the afternoon and a mass meeting at the Federation grounds. Babu Anath Bandhu Guha, a leader of the Mymensingh Bar, who presided, pointed out that to partition are due the present unrest, estrangement between Hindus and Mahomedans, and the repressive laws which were unknown before the partition. He said that the Mahomedans of West Bengal were beginning to express their opposition to partition because they were in a minority and did not enjoy the benefits of the Moslem Fund. He concluded by saying that no fitter boon could be conferred on Bengal as a mark of Royal grace in the Coronation year than the modification of the partition.

PLAYING WITH EXPLOSIVES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 17.

Some excitement was caused in Jorasanko, Calcutta, on Sunday morning by an explosion as a result of which a young named Ashutosh Das was severely injured. It is stated that a number of boys were playing with chlorate of potash and sulphur in a piece of iron pipe and that one of them named Gobinda Hazra set fire to the mixture. Ashutosh, who was watching, was the only boy injured and his arm had to be amputated. Four boys have been arrested.

POONA BOATING FATALITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Oct. 17.

Shortly after noon yesterday the body of Store-Sergeant F. J. Baxendale of the Ordnance Department, who was drowned in the river near Kirkee Arsenal Pumping Station on Sunday while he and his companion Sergeant Francis were sailing a skiff, was found by the search party sent out. It appears that Francis was under the impression that Baxendale was behind him when he was swimming to the shore, but, from the position in which the body was found, it is thought the deceased must have sunk immediately after the skiff had capsized.

PROTECTION AGAINST DACOITS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 17.

The Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam have provided six villages within the Madaripore sub-division with two guns and sufficient car ridges each for protection against dacoity. Two private gentlemen in each village have been made custodians of guns and licenses have been granted to ten others in cases of emergency. Similar measures are likely to be adopted in other districts.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 17.

Captain Stanton, Royal Scotts, is selected for appointment as Adjutant, 7th Battalion, Royal Scotts.

Captain E. C. L. Wallace, 30th Punjabis, has been appointed Brigade Major to the Inspector-General of Volunteers for the ensuing season.

Major O. W. Barry, Second in Command, 28th Punjabis, is transferred to the 27th Punjabis in the same capacity.

Major G. W. Robinson, 82nd, Punjabis, is transferred to the 27th Punjabis as 2nd-in-command.

REVOLUTION IN CHINA.

Szechwan Reports.

AN Imperial Decree, dated 15th Sept. says: Owing to the rebels in Szechwan having caused troubles we have already ordered Chao Erh-feng to attend to the suppression and settling of the affairs and Tuan Fang to proceed to Szechwan with troops. From the reports telegraphed from Jui Cheng and Chungking and other places outside of the Capital of Szechwan (Chengtu) the rebels numbering over tens of thousands are besieging and attacking the city and it is in a critical position, etc. The telegraphic communications from Chengtu have been interrupted for several days and in the prefectures, departments and districts near there the rebels are inducing innocent people to join and the general situation in Szechwan is very critical. We feel quite anxious about the matter and we wired on the 14th September to Tuan Fang to speedily proceed to Szechwan within a fixed date. The name of Tsen Chun-hsuan, formerly Viceroy of Liang-kwang, is quite respected and he is well known and knows very well the conditions in Szechwan, as he was the Viceroy of that province before but retired owing to indisposition. We hear now that he is cured and therefore we hereby order him to proceed to Szechwan to associate with Chao Erh-feng to attend to the suppression of the riots and to settle the affairs in Szechwan. Tsen Chun-hsuan is quite courageous in dealing with affairs and does not mind hard work and therefore We hereby order him to take a steamer from Shanghai immediately for Szechwan without delay. The riots in Szechwan have been caused by rebels having induced innocent people by plausible pretexts to revolt and they threatened some of them and thus this serious trouble ensued. Therefore in dealing with the rioters we have decided measures that those who have caused troubles be seriously dealt with but those who have been induced or threatened to join are innocent and they should simply be ordered to disband so as to avoid any one innocent being punished and thus uphold the peace of the localities. As Tsen Chun-hsuen could not reach Szechwan at this moment Tuan Fang is hereby ordered to proceed to Szechwan and take measures to save Chengtu from siege as the town has already been under siege for sometime and those inside must be suffering a great deal and he should take proper measures en route so as to check the troubles. The said High Commissioners are hereby ordered to obey tremblingly the decree and carry on their duties as soon as possible under the circumstances so as to ease Our anxiety about the Western part of Our Empire and to relieve the sufferings of Our people in that province.

A Peking message, dated 20th September, gives the text of another decree:—Chao Erh-feng, the acting Viceroy of Szechwan, has memorialised by wire that since the 7th september the rioters besieged and attacked the yamen of the Viceroy. Several thousands of people came the same evening near the city from Tamienpu and Niuhsintikao and daily they assembled there. Then at Wenkiang, Tinsien, Chungchingchow, Kuanhsien, Chengtu, Shuayang, Shuangliu, Hsintsin, Chiungchow, Pukiang, Tavi and other places either several thousands or several tens of thousands rose and looted and plundered people and thus the residents tried to take refuge. Therefore I have ordered the new Army and garrison as well as guards to suppress such rioters. But the rioters, taking advantage of their numerical superiority, besieged the city with rifles and guns causing casualities, and when the soldiers made an attack on them they have resisted but when they found they could not sustain their position they were defeated and retired. However a large band of rioters numbering several thousands took a position about fifty Chinese miles from the city in a hill of Lungchuenyi and upon taking such important position they took up their guns and declared that they will make attacks on the city of Chengtu. When the government troops attacked them they opened fire. The government troops furiously assaulted the hill and occupied it and captured guns numbering several tens and also ammunition as well as swords in innumerable number. Thus the rioters left the hill and fled to the West towards Tsai-pu and Chunghochang. However the rioters again divided themselves into sections and besieged the city of Shuanlin-hsien and burned the buildings there. The Government troops fought day and night and thus the siege was gradually ended. The rioters who ran away to Tsaipu and Chunghochange as well as those who fled to Tangchia-ssu have retired further. Thus since the 8th September seven days and nights the Government troops captured and killed quite a number of the enemy and captured about 2,000 swords, banners, etc. The telegraph lines have been cut and despatches by post have been checked and the messengers have been killed. Even now there are many warnings from various places reported and therefore as soon as the defence of the city of Chengtu is properly made the Viceroy will despatch troops and supress the rioters but those who have been coerced to join the rioters and who are really innocent will be leniently released, etc. From the report, We find what the said Viceroy has done is reasonable under the circumstances. Therefore it is important to deal with the rioters, so that they shall be duly disbanded. The rebels have not risen in one day and when they are defeated they go everywhere and cause troubles and they are quite bold to besiege the city of Chengtu and they resisted strongly and burned and looted and good people are not feeling quiet and at peace. Then the rioters took an important position and reinforcements and then cut telegraph lines and intercepted messengers of post offices. All these acts show that they desired to cause rebellion well organising themselves. Therefore it is necessary to take steps to suppress them. At present Hupeh troops are on their way to Szechwan, and are reaching the border of Szechwan and Hupeh and the troops from Kweichow are also on their way to Szechwan. Therefore We hereby order Chao Erh-feng to strictly instruct the armies to divide their means to speedily attend to the suppression of rioters so as to check any further influence being raised in favour of the rioters. However it is important to distinguish those innocent people who have been simply coerced to, join them and to treat such people leniently. It is hereby ordered also that the development of the events be reported from time to time by wire, as to the funds for military supplies it is hereby ordered that the Ministry of Finance take note.

REPORTED FALL OF CHENGTU.

Most of the Chinese newspapers announced the fall of Chengtu, adding details such as that the Viceroy had fled to Tzechow, that his family had been massacred and that many high officials had also been killed. On Monday morning the Chinese paper gave further details to the same effect. So far, however, there has been no confirmation of the fall of Chengtu from foreign sources, and Reuter's Peking correspondent describes the position as more hopeful, although his information was probably of a less recent date than that contained in the native telegams. There can be no doubt that the situation is sufficiently serious. Tsen Chun-hsuan, a former Viceroy of Canton, and who has been a resident of Shanghai since his departure from Canton, has received an Imperial order to proceed at once to Szechwan to take charge of matters, and should have left Shanghai on Sunday. It appears, however, that His Excellency considers his instructions too indefinite, as the Imperial decree does not state whether he is to supersede Viceroy Chao with plenary power, or if he is merely to endeavour to restore order by arranging some compromise with the rebels. He has therefore delayed his departure pending more definite instructions from Pekieg.

FOREIGNERS PROTECTED AT CHENGTU.

On Monday morning a telegram was received at the China Inland Mission at Shanghai from Chungking reporting the receipt of a telegram from Chengtu, dated the 11th September, and stating that foreigners there were fully protected and that the Viceroy was acting firmly. The telegram further stated that communication was closed on account of the rebels outside of the city.

ON THE VERGE OF OPEN REBELLION.

The "Celestial Empire" says:—Chengtu, West China, Sept. 6th. The Szechwan Railway Company on hearing of the decision of the central government to nationalize the Trunk lines, and especially after they heard that the four nation loan had been signed, which included that part of the line between Ichang and Kweifu on which they have now been working for over a year and a half and have already spent according to their statement some four and a half millions Taels they became quite excited. The people in the railroad office and the students of the railroad school at once set to work to orate an agitation to oppose this loan; especially to hinder that part of the between Ichang and Kweifu from falling into the hands of Shen Hsuan-huai.

A public meeting was called at which a great crowd gathered and much enthusiasm was expressed by the directors of the local railway company and the students of the railroad school; one of them offering to allow his finger to be cut off and sent to Peking as a protest. Four men were appointed to present this protest to Peking and to the Hunan, Hupeh and Canton companies and solicit the aid of the latter to oppose the central government.

While they were waiting for a reply every effort was made by the local agitators to work up all the feeling possible and the Tong Chi-hui was organized. This society grew very rapidly for those who would not willingly unite were forced to do so through threats to burn their houses. Meetings were held daily, the proceedings of which were published in the local papers. Many amusing cartoons were printed by the Chi Tse Kung Pao and its circulation soon increased to four thousand copies per day which was the limit of their printing capacity. There has been a great rush for this and other papers.

Wang Ren-wen, the acting Viceroy, knowing that he was soon to be relieved by Chao Erh-feng, winked at the proceedings and by the time Chao reached the capital the Tong Chi-hui had captured the entire city on its membership list.

The reply to their protest from Peking not being favourable, a boycott was ordered; all taxes were refused and all the shops ordered shut, some few merchants who refused to close were mashed up. There was great excitement for a time, thousands of idle people were walking about on the streets, all the soldiers were ordered out who with fixed bayonets patrolled the streets, each mission compound and foreign residence had a guard and the yamens were strongly protected. We have now been in this condition for thirteen days and there is no sign of the boycott being raised.

Bands of students marched to the Viceroy's yamen with a yellow paper spirit tablet in honour of the late Emperor Kwang Hsu pinned to their breasts; these same tablets have been put up on every door of the members of the society, which means every door in the city and surrounding country for any one who refused to paste it to his door was threatened with being burned out.

Mat shrines were set up on many street corners which were draped with yellow curtains and yellow paper, in these shrines a large tablet was erected and candles kept burning most of the night. These shrines are so low that a horseman must dismount and chairs must be lowered in order to pass under them.

Loads of lite erature were carried to all parts of the province and every city and town has been posted with it. This has gone on until most of the cities and towns in this province have shut their shops and business is at a standstill, only the rice shops, tea and eating-houses being allowed to keep open.

Although the "Tong Chi hui" have continually exhorted the people not to use violence or to cause riot yet in a number of the out lying towns rowdies have broken down the police stations, looted the salt and register offices and robbed many market towns; banks and pawn shops being the chief sentiment, in fact the entire province is in a state of excitement.

The officials are helpless and dare not use force or open rebellion would at once ensue. The towns so far reported to have been rioted are:—Shinfan hsien, where the salt and register offices were smashed up, but the Canadian mission was left standing. The next was Pen hsien, where they first attacked the police, then they went for the salt and register offices and left them perfect wrecks; the Canadian mission was again spared and there were some ten missionaries in the city all of which got to the Hsien Yamen and were not touched: The Hsien himself went out on the street and pleaded with the people not to touch the foreigners or their property A number of towns in this district were also robbed

Next on the list was Kwanhsien, where the above named yamens were also attacked; but here they also made an attempt on the China Inland Mission. The Hsien official put his chair down in front of the mission door and the neighbours joined hands and pleaded with the mob not to touch the foreigners and so the affair passed off without harm to them. But it was a terrible strain to a father, mother, and little children. We have just heard of Han chow and Han ising hsien having had similar occurences but as no particulars are to hand I am not sure that it is true.

At Pen hsien some twenty six of the banditti have been caught and executed and thirteen have been similary dealt with at Kwan hsien.

What the outcome of all this will be it is hard to foretell; but it is decided that no tax of any kind will be paid until the central government return the right to build the Szechwan railroad to the local company. The people seem very determined and it only needs a match to set the whole province in open rebellion.

H. B. CONSUL GENERAL'S PROPOSAL.

Translation from the "Tong Shohpao," yesterday. The British Consul General of Chentu seeing the earnestness of the Szechwan people to construct the railway in our own province, and our determination to hold to this decision proposed the following.

On that part of the road between Ichang and Kweifu all money already expended by the Szechwan Co. should be returned and allow them to use this money for constructing railroads in Szechwan, under the name of branch lines.

Saying that if we would consider this proposal he would wire it to his Minister for consideration.

This proposal we consider to be a favourable one, we see the British Consul is moved in our behalf.

NEWSPAPER INCITEMENTS.

The following are rough translations from native papers published in Chengtu:—

"Chi-shi-hua-pao," 2nd September.

At present the market has been closed for ten days. Chief of local administration has with colleagues jointly sent a memorial. However after being telegraphed there will be three ways but no other, to accept the whole of the proposition, or half of it or not to accept the whole.

What should we do? If the Government will accept the whole then the President of the Railway Company at Ichang, Li Pi-hsun, be changed and let Si (our enemy) pay back the fund of the Ministry of Communications. If so we may say we have cancelled the loan agreement and reached our aim to preserve the railways.

We have to consider the measures to raise funds and send representatives to Ichang to take over the affairs from the said president. All we want is to get perfect measures, if the Government will accept half of what we propose. We have to make the Company a private concern for the present and will place the questions before the National Assembly in the month of ninth moon. For over one month from now what shall we do? We will get the dividend of shares at 6 per cent. by not sending in the grain tribute as security and not paying other taxes. When the National Assembly will decide on making the lines under a private Company then we may send in grain tributes and taxes. If the telegraphic reply will be no acceptance of the whole of the proposal we will not take the 6 per cent dividend and non payment of tribute grain but all the transport dues as well as allowances will not be paid and we will sell or buy land or buildings but place them in the Bureau concerned. Thus the Government will lose over eight millions a year. We should see the Government will be surprised and we should not feel surprised. Either the railways must be given to us or not, and if we lose we will sacrifice ourselves etc.

Chengtu "Chi shihuapao" September 5.

We are now able to understand what is meant in the sacred book called "Su shing" namely "there is heavenly order," "We respect but cannot be counted to carry it on," "It is useless to save," "despotism cannot spoil," etc. Our government is at such a distance in the north and tries to check the action of us, seventy million people of Szechwan, who are quite determined to die to stand for our purpose. The railway policy is to be compared with what Kan Yi did at the time of the Boxer trouble. Kan Yi tried to kill Chinese but he persuaded Chinese to follow the people of "Red Lantern" to learn "Red Lantern religion" to give harm to foreign legations. If the Chinese should win the Manchus may be able to wipe out the foreigners and if the Chinese lose foreigners may kill Chinese. At that time foreigners killed Chinese and the Manchus felt quite pleased.

The eight foreign powers sent in a joint army to Peking. A great deal of our Chinese officials and people were killed and there died about five millions. Then the Emperor and the Empress Dowager took flight to Shensi. When peace was restored we have had to pay Tls 400,000,000 with interest etc. it will reach over 1,000,000,000. This is the indemnity paid for foreigners in foreign money and we are paying the sum and it is not yet paid over. This is due to the crime of Kan Yi. The measures to give us harm was not only this one but there is another. Now the enemy shamelime out and raised a foreign loan and sells our

ways. This is another policy to destroy us the Chinese. There is surely some one behind him. We can see behind the scenes. Though we are fighting against the railway policy yet we are fighting for our existence. A big devil King appears from heaven and we will turn into a large priest with a diamond ring and if we ring it the devil King will not hear but if once it rings his mind will suffer and feel dead as if he was bound by ropes. His head and eyes will also suffer, his muscles and bones will become useless. Then he will be in to hear that "The heavenly sacred King cannot be intruded upon." Then small boys will say four heavenly Kings are all dolls made of mud and if once water be poured upon them they will be melted. However the sacred are existing only because we respect them but if once we do not respect them, others will not respect them also and they will be thrown away and we may pour on them urine. We need not touch them. Only heaven thunder can do the rest. In this human society we need not see anything but things which have form. We need not be afraid of them, we can do any thing against them. There is no need discussion as when they will not be impartial, honest then such goverament may be thrown down by us."

AGITATION AT JUNGHSIEN.

The past week has witnessed an important event in this country when the Tung Dji Hwei was organised in this city. They are daily holding meetings discussing the whole political condition not only of the province but of the whole of China. It was reported that the Viceroy of Canton had been killed and there were rumours on the street that all the high officials of China were to be killed, foreigners driven from the country and another dynasty to replace the present one. The Tung Dji Hwei ordered the business of the city to close as a protest against the foreign railway loans and called for a meeting of the prominent men of the whole district. This meeting was held yesterday and was in session during the most of the day. None of the local officials were present though no doubt they were represented by their secretaries. As many people as could crowd into the city temple grounds were present, perhaps ten thousand in all. After a lengthy discussion, in which it was shown that there were many who were friendly to the foreigners, in this country, a set of resolutions were passed which were in substance as follows:—All bad characters should be transported from the country. All yamens, churches, and schools should be protected as they are a benefit to the country. No violence should be offered to any of the government official but any official opposing the movement should be relieved of his post. Foreigner not making trouble of any kind should be protected but gradually get out of the country so that China may be for the Chinese. The government should be purified and freed from foreign influence.

The official has put out a proclamation saying that he is glad the people are patriotic but he does not see who is to be benefited by the closing of the shops. Agents of the Tung Dji Hwei are all over the country stirring up the people and good deal of what is said seems to be along revolutionary lines and looking forward to a revolution of the Government in the near future. A saving factor in the situation is the magnificent harvest of the year and the fact that there has been no rain to interfere in any way with the harvesting. The people are happy with full granaries and would no doubt remain contented but for the presence of the agitators in every city and villages. Schools are closed and all business is theoretically at a standstill. Practically, however, every shop has a little door through which one can enter and buy things needful just as we could before.—"Celestial Empire" Sept. 23.

RICE TROUBLES IN CHINA.

Restive Prisoners.

Practically round about the whole of Shanghai the dear price of rice is giving rise to trouble. The latest phase comes from Nantao, where a disturbance has been created in the gaol on account of the substitution of bread for rice in the prison diet. The authorities made this step through a due regard for economy, it is said, but three prisoners took offence at this measure. When suplied with the bread they made a great disturbance absolutely refusing to accept it, and so successful were they in their efforts that they threw the whole gaol into a commotion.

This state of affairs having arisen, the men were brought before the magistrate who sentenced them to a very severe penalty for their misdeeds. The most daring of the three was ordered to receive 250 strokes with the bamboo, while the two others received 200 each. This must be regarded as most exemplary punishment, and goes to form another instance of the difference in the Chinese magistrates method of treating their own offenders and those sent to them from the Settlement.

MORE TROUBLE IN POOTUNG.

About the same time as the last trouble we noted at Pootung in connexion with the dear rice, a second raid was being made few miles off by another crowd of women. On this occasion the affair occurred at a village called Yangchin, which is just opposite Yangtzepoo. Here as in the other case, the women, to the number of about a hundred, led the trouble, and going to the rice shops with bags and baskets, they helped themselves, taking away a considerable quantity. The thing was done as peaceably as such a type of robbery could be, and during the rest of the day nothing happened.

On the following day a crowd estimated at between 500 and 600 proceeded to the rice shops in the vicinity of a temple known as Tsing Poo Yang Di. Here all that fell to them was seven piculs of rice, and they then turned their footsteps farther down river to Chingdeo, which is nearly opposite the Point. The shopkeepers had notice of their approach however, and by the time they arrived they had all the places of business in the village shut up. Evidently they suspected trouble for the police were called out. The women were once more the agressive spirit and now they proceeded to the police station and started a disturbance outside its gates. They were however not allowed to go to extremes, for the police managed to restore order without a regular set-to, as at one time had been feared

Since these occurrences there have been no further reports, but with a class of women fully up to the standard of the suffragette, and in these cases having the sympathy of the men, the neighbourhood is obviously in a state of unrest. The extraordinary feature of the whole affair is the case with which the women have scored their victories.—"N. C. Herald" (Sept. 23).

FIGHTING BETWEEN SPANIARDS AND MOORS.

Heavy Casualties.

Melilla, Sept. 22.

Throughout the night of September 20-21 the enemy's "harka" harassed the Spanish advanced post established on the right bank of the Kent. Taking advantage of the fog they crossed the stream and gained the "duar" of Tauriat, whence they opened fire against the Spanish left flank. Four companies of the Spanish troops left their position in the morning yesterday, and supported by six companies from the adjacent camp captured the "duar" after a sharp fight, and put the enemy to flight. The enemy left many killed and wounded and a quantity of ammunition. The Spanish losses were eight men killed, two being natives, ten officers wounded, one being a major, and 38 men, of whom eight were natives wounded.

Madrid, Sept. 26.

In reply to an article in the "Matin" in which the withdrawal of the Spanish forces from Alcazar and Larache was indicated as necessary to the success of Franco-Spanish collaboration in Morocco, the Government organ "Diario Universal" points out that such a contention is absurd. As the Larache district was included within the Spanish zone of influence set out in the Treaty of 1904, France has no possible claim there unless the existing treaties are modified. When unoccupied the district belonged to the Spanish zone, and therefore its occupation cannot be made a cause of complaint against Spain.

Paris, Sept. 26.

A telegram from Mogador of to-day's date states that the Spanish sailing vessel Aquila, with the military commission which has been instructed to reconnoitre "Ifni" on board, has arrived off that port. The tribes show signs of hostility and are throwing difficulties in the way of a disembarcation.

TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LD.

THE Directors' Report for 1910-11 is as follows:—The Directors beg to lay before you their Fifth Report together with the audited statement of accounts from the date of the formation of the Company up to 30th June 1911.

REVENUE.

The Company's Revenue from interest and transfer fees, during the year 1st July 1910 to 30th June 1911 amounted to Rs. 87,620-12-2 against which a portion of the office and other expenses have been charged, leaving a balance of Rs. 7,244-7-7 as net revenue. This together with the balance of Rs. 1,30,413-7-1 brought forward from the last year's account makes up a total of Rs. 1,37,657-14-8. Out of this the sum of Rs. 1,37,278-6-1 was paid on account of dividend on preference shares for the year 1st January to 31st December 1910, leaving a balance of Rs. 379-8-7 under Revenue Account.

DEBENTURE ISSUE.

A debenture loan of 60 lakhs of Rupees has been successfully negotiated. Authority was taken in the Company's Prospectus for such issue and provision was made for it by Article 124 of the Company's Articles of Association. There will be a saving, it is estimated, of about 23 lakhs of Rupees on the amount provided for construction costs; but, on the other hand, about 37 lakhs of Rupees worth of the Company's preference shares have not been placed on the market. The debenture loan will, therefore, cover a portion of the construction cost and will also provide about 30 lakhs of Rupees estimated to be required for working capital when the works begin operation. The debentures carry 5 1-2 per cent. interest and are repayable in 21 years from date of issue.

The debenture trust deed provides in the usual manner for the appointment of a director by the debenture holders and in order to legalize such appointment, it is necessary to amend and amplify the Company's Articles of Association. A Special Resolution is required to amend the articles, and the necessary resolution will be submitted to the extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders to be held immediately after the close of the business of the annual general meeting, in terms of the notice which accompanies this report.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

Questions have from time to time been raised in connection with the transfer of shares standing in the names of joint holders, where one of such holders dies; the Company's articles contain no provision for the devolution of shares to the survivors or survivor of joint holders, which provision is nowadays very frequently found in Articles of Association. The Directors in a recent case promised that if any occasion arose for the amendment of the Company's articles in other respects they would bring before the shareholders the question of amending the articles so as to provide for survivorship amongst joint holders of shares, and as an extraordinary general meeting is now to be held for the purpose specified in the last preceding paragraph, the Directors have included in the notice convening that meeting the form of the resolutions necessary to amend the Company's articles in the direction of survivorship amongst the joint holders of shares.

MOURBHANJ MINING LEASE.

The draft mining lease referred to in the last Report was approved and sanctioned by the Government of India and finally executed. Further areas of iron-ore lands have been surveyed and marked out for supplemental mining leases.

MANGANESE.

No business was done during the year owing to the general dullness of the European market. The shipments of the previous year were replaced in stocks at Bombay, Balaghat and at the mines.

The construction of the branch railway line from Balaghat to Katangi connecting it with the Company's Ramrama manganese properties by a siding on the assisted siding terms has been taken in hand by the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company and is making good progress.

COAL.

The development of the Company's colliery at Bhelatand, Jherria Field, has been continued. The construction of all surface plant is completed. The shaft is completed and connection will be made with the main incline in November.

GENERAL.

Progress of construction since the 4th Annual Report enables the statement to be made that No. 1 blast furnace will be put in blast in November, and the steel furnaces and rolling mills will commence work early next year.

Since the commencement, the following quantities of work (in round figures) have been done at Sakchi:—

Earth-work	3,10,00,000 c. ft.
Brick Masonry and Concrete	40,00,000 c. ft.
Firebrick	70,00,000 pcs.
Structural Steel, Machinery, Piping, Boilers, Cranes, &c..	24,000 tons.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE.

The completion of several of the Departments and the advanced stages of others of which the actual costs are known, enable the statement made in the last Report to be reiterated, that the total cost of the iron and steel works (including coal mines, ore mines, quarries, etc.,) will come well within the estimate of capital expenditure set forth in the Company's prospectus.

COKE OVENS.

The coke oven plant consisting of 180 coppee non-by-product ovens with coal crushing and handling plant is completed and the ovens were successfully placed in operation on September 12th. The physical structure of the coke produced is excellent.

BLAST FURNACES.

The entire blast furnance plant is completed with the exception of the bosh water-piping which is in progress.

Drying-out fires have been started in No. 1 furnace and hot blast stoves.

BOILERS.

The boiler plant, including gas and boiler feed piping, pipe covering, etc., is completed and has been satisfactorily tested.

POWER STATION.

The turbo alternators, motor generators, transformers and all auxiliary machinery, including switchboard, piping and wiring, are completed, tested and in service.

One blowing engine is erected, the second and third are "en route" and will be installed and tested in October.

STEEL WORKS.

One of the four open hearth steel furnaces is completed and is being dried out. The hot metal mixer and the three other steel furnaces will be completed in November.

The casting cranes, stripper and ingot charger are completed.

The Gas Producers are erected and lined and the coal handling machinery above the producers is being installed and will be completed in November.

The ladle repair shop and equipment is 90 per cent. completed.

The ingot cars, ingot moulds and stools, charging cars and boxes are ready for services.

ROLLING MILLS.

The three cylinder reversing engine for the mills is completed and has been turned over.

The Blooming Mill and combination Rail and Structural Mill are completed with the exception of the electrical connections to the table motors.

The bloom shear, billet shear and roller runs are erected.

The hot saw, cooling bed and rail beds are well advanced and will be completed in November.

BAR MILLS.

The foundations for the three Bar Mills and Engine are being built.

SHOPS.

The blacksmith shop has been in service since December 1910.

The iron foundry has been in operation since May 1911 producing castings for the Company's use. The cupolas are now using the Company's own coke.

The machine shop and pattern shop have been in service since February 1911.

The stores building is completed and occupied and a shed for the storage of refractory materials is now being erected.

RAILROAD.

The Company's Railroad from Kalimati Station to the Works has been in constant service and 5,226 wagons of material and machinery have been received during the year ending September 1st, 1911.

The Company has four shunting Locomotives, two of which are in active service.

All special rolling stock including hot metal, slag, coke, ingot cars, etc have been received and are ready for service.

IRON ORE.

The Kalimati-Guramaishini Branch of the Bengal Nagpur Railway is opened for passengers and goods traffic. All machinery at the Mines is installed and has been tested.

16,000 tons of ore have been shipped to Sakchi and 180,000 tons are quarried and stacked ready to ship as soon as the blast furnaces are put in blast.

FLUX: (a) DOLOMITE.

The assisted siding at Panposh Station on the B.-N. R. to the Company's quarry is completed and opened for traffic. The quarry is developed, the machinery is installed ready for operation and 15,000 tons of dolomite are stacked ready for shipment to Sakchi in October.

(b) LIMESTONE.

The development of the Limestone quarry and the construction of a narrow gauge Tram Line from Jukehi Station, E. I. R., is completed and 7,000 tons of Limestone are quarried ready for shipment when necessary.

TOWN OF SAKCHI.

The construction of bungalows, subordinates' quarters, cooly lines and roads, has been continued and there are now 140 buildings completed and 62 under construction.

A contract has been placed for the installation, during the coming winter, of a complete Sanitary Plant, consisting of latrines, drainage systems, septic tanks, water supply, &c.

WATER SUPPLY.

The Pumping Station at the Subanarekha River is completed and water is being pumped through the 28 pipe line to the reservoir from which water is being regularly supplied to the works by the electrically driven service Pumps in the Power House.

All of the underground piping for Wokra supply, filtered water and compressed air is laid and tested.

The hydraulic piping is "en route" and will be completely laid in October.

The sewers on the worksite are completed.

LABOUR.

The total average daily number of people employed by the Company and its Contractors during the 12 months ending September 1st, was 4,430.

The Company at present employs 25 Europeans and Americans and 18 others are employed by European Contractors, making a total of 43.

The permanent operating organization is engaged and the General Superintendent and Blast Furnance Superintendent and crew will arrive at Sakchi in October.

HEALTH.

The health of the staff has been excellent and no epidemics or serious illness of any kind have occurred during the year.

GENERAL.

Mr. C. V. Mehta and Mr. S. B. Broacha were invited to join the Board of Directors during the year, under Article 100 of the Company's Articles. Under the same Article, they vacate their seats but are eligible for re-election.

In accordance with Article 106 of the Company's Articles of Association, two of your Directors, viz. Mr. Gordhandas Khattau and the Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy Ebrahim retire. They are, however, eligible for re-election.

The Shareholders will be requested to elect their auditors for the current year and fix the remuneration.

DIVIDENDS ON PREFERENCE SHARES.

A word of explanation is due in connection with a confirmatory resolution which will be placed before the Shareholders at the General Meeting. As Shareholders are aware, the dividends due on preference Shares have been paid up to 31st December 1910. There is no question that the dividends, being cumulative, must be paid sometime; and these dividends were paid out of revenue. Payments so far made on this account had been made only after the preparation and distribution of the annual accounts to the Shareholders which distinctly showed the amount of money available for dividend, not out of capital but out of the revenue; the body of the reports mentioned the payments and as the general meetings succeeding adopted these reports, it was assumed that the payments were sanctioned by the Shareholders. The Company's Solicitors, however, advise that it would be more regular to obtain a formal authorisation from the Shareholders covering these payments of dividends. The Resolution to be submitted to you is as drafted by the Solicitors.

HARMSTON'S CIRCUS.

Harmston's Circus, so well-known throughout the East, has returned to Bombay and has pitched its tents at Chowpatti, where it has an excellent site at the foot of Malabar Hill. Its opening performance was given last night and was much enjoyed by a very large audience, the cheaper seats being packed with Indians, while there was also a considerable attendance of Europeans. This time the management are presenting a programme which is almost entirely new to Bombay, and it is certainly as good as if not better than anything which this Circus has brought here before.

The performance last night opened with a clever turn on horse-back by Miss Jennie Harmston, who is known here as a very capable lady rider, and after a comic turn by Tuxin, the ring was occupied by W. Harmston and Master C. Bruce who gave an excellent turn consisting of some acrobatic tricks performed on horseback. Later Louise and Angelina Vacca gave a remarkable exhibition of shooting in which they displayed wonderful accuracy and W. Harmston followed with an interesting act in which five trained ponies, an elephant and a dog took part. A musical act was given by the Wambas. W. Harmston performed some remarkable feats of horsemanship in what was not too flatteringly described as a "champion jockey" act and the two interludes were filled by the amusing clowning of Dick Hayes and Shadow and Pimple and Silent Jim. This concluded the first part of the programme.

The second opened with a clever trick cycling turn in which Rudsit and Velasco did some really good riding and the Frolics (two girls and a man) gave an acrobatic dance which was enthusiastically applauded, the man in particular being an excellent dancer. Two clever Japanese, Ambrosia and Velasco who had exceptional physical development, gave an exacting display on the Roman rings, and W. Harmston brought on a picturesque turn by six fine Arab stallions. The programme was concluded with the appearance in a cage occupying the whole of the ring of several full grown tigers, which their trainer, John Rougal, put through an exciting performance. It was a thoroughly good show all through.

UNITED PROVINCES CROP REPORT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, Oct. 17.

The preliminary estimates of the autumn crop in the United Provinces show best in results in the Fyzabad Division where the outturn varies from a 12-anna yield to something over 16 annas. The yield in Benares varies from 11 to 13 annas and in Lucknow from 10 to 15. The poorest results come from the Allahabad Division where the estimates from Jhansi on the north are as low as four to six annas.

The "Melbourne Age" writes as follows:—Miss Menkmeyer's recital at Masonic Hall last night, a veritable triumph. Those present were delighted and the revelation of Miss Menkmeyer's powers of vocalisation came as a great surprise. In fact, her singing is scarcely, if anything, inferior to her instrumentation, which is saying a great deal. It is not often one has the privilege of listening to a lady with such a magnificent voice and under such complete control. The singer's voice is what is sometimes called a dramatic mezzo-soprano, powerful, clear, and having that peculiar ring about it that charms the listener. The timbre displayed was really good, in some parts especially the sound was deliciously sweet. The intonation and articulation were perfect, and would be a lesson to some of our amateurs that they could beneficially copy. Her register is a wide one, and her voice would fill a large hall better than a small one.

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 17.

The shallow depression which was passing yesterday across the South Peninsula from the Bay of Bengal has now shown in the Arabian Sea off Mangalore. The rainfall has been fairly general over the southern half of the Peninsula, while a few falls have occurred on the South Coast and in Burma. The principle amounts are:—Rangoon reports one and a half inches; Chittaldrug, Tinnevelly and Mercara, one; Nellore, four; Masulipatam, three. The forecast shows a decrease of rainfall in the south-east of the Peninsula and an extension northwards along the West Coast.

The following telegram was yesterday sent from the Meteorogical Department, to the Port Officer, Bombay:—

Storm Signal—Depression from Bay of Bengal passed out into Arabian Sea; now off Mangalore. Depression may develop into storm; most likely to move in west-north-westerly direction. Hoist cautionary signal.

RAINFALL ON THE G. I. P. RAILWAY LINE.

The following is the list of total rainfall reports on the G. I. P. Railway up to week ending Friday 2nd Sept, 1911:—

	In.	Cts.		In.	Cts
Jubbulpore	35	75	Khorvadi.....	8	88
Raver	11	19	Nasik	10	73
Nimbhora	11	52	Deolali.....	12	41
Bodwad	13	91	Ghoti	71	21
Varangaon	11	69	Hotgi	19	24
Bhadli	16	10	Mohol	18	80
Jalgaon	14	85	Madha	14	80
Shirsoli	18	33	Barsi Junction ...	9	44
Mhasawad	11	64	Kem	10	63
Maheji.....	14	34	Jeur	16	5
Pachora	18	70	Pomalvadi	10	60
Kajgaon	19	37	Diksal	11	35
Rajmane	21	72	Dhond	9	34
Chaligaon	18	34	Talegaon	24	80
Naydongri	9	69	Lonavla 119		66
Nandgaon	18	75	Neral	99	28
Manmad.....	12	56	Kasara	78	8
Lasalgaon	9	1			

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 17th OCTOBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 17th October, 1911, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air. Temperature is normal.

The United Provincess—Skies are very lightly clouded in the south and clear over the rest of the division. The air is damper than usual at Jhansi. Temperature is normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded in the east Rajputana and clear in other districts. The air is drier than usual in upper Sind while it contains the average amount of moisture elsewhere, Temperature is normal except for a defect in the maximum at Karachi.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is above the average at Surat, below at Veraval and equal to it in the remaining places; night temperature is also in excess at Indore.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear in the east and lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is above the average at most places. Temperature during day is in excess at Akola, Khandwa and Chanda; night temperature is also higher than usual.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been local in the south Konkan. Mormugao has had 0·37" and Karwar 0·79". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or slightly below the average. Temperature is normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Hyderabad record 0·12" of rain. Cloud has increased and skies are now moderately to heavily clouded at most places. The air has become damper than usual in the area of rainfall. Maximum temperature is above the average at Malegaon; the minimum is generally in excess.

General Remarks.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the southern half of the Peninsula, on the west coast to the south of Mormugao and also on the north Coromandel Coast. Masulipatam reports a heavy fall of 3·00". Conditions are slightly unsettled on and off the Malabar Coast.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast, in Mysore and Malabar. A few falls may occur in the south Bombay Deccan and possibly in south Hyderabad.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) 17th October, was 29·898 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 14 feet at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80deg. F. will be 14in. and this will be higher or lower by 01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by 01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Interrupted.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 17th October, 1911.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates.			Time Occupied in Transmission.	
	D.	H.	M.	Hrs.	Mts.
Turkey.....	16	7	p. m.	9	50
Teheran ...	17	10-45	a. m.	2	47
Suez.....	17	1-25	p. m.	1	26

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Arispe, Babicora, Ityres, Huimanguillo, Cardenas and Cunduacan will not be accepted until further notice (14-4-11).

Telegrams for Morocco are subject to very heavy delay and can only be accepted at sender's risk. (18-8-11.)

Communication with Rabat Normal but Telegrams for Magador are still subject to delay (11-10-11).

Bhamo route to China interrupted beyond Indian Frontier between Mongtze and Manhao (11-10-11) and between Hankow and Wochand (12-10-11).

Until further notice code telegrams for Turkey cannot be admitted (13-10-11).

Telegrams for Hankow should not be accepted except at risk of sender and private telegrams for same destination must be written in plain English. (17-10-11).

SPORTING NEWS.

CRICKET.

P. & O. C. C. vs THE SOCONY C. C.

This match was played on the Oval on Saturday last, and resulted in an easy win for the P. & O. C. C. by 101 runs:—

P. & O. C. C.

Pai V D, b Bhugwanlal ...	...	41
Pace R V, c Dayabhai, b Bhugwanlal	...	2
Standage H E, b Bhugwanlal...	...	10
Gajanan, b Dayabhai ...	...	10
Shepherd, b Dayabhai ...	...	5
Janion E E, l b w, b Girdharlal	...	15
Kendall H M, c Dayabhai, b Bhugwanlal		6
Barton N I, not out ...	...	13
Barnes B D, not out... ...	...	5
De Souza J... ...	...	0
Joshi M D, did not bat ...	...	0
Extras ...	...	7
Total ...	...	114

SOCONY C. C.

Bhugwanlal, run out ...	...	1
Dayabhai, b Pace ...	...	0
Girdharlal, b Pace V D ...	...	1
Pandurang, b Pace R V ...	...	0
Manjunath, b Pace R V ...	...	4
Kaikobad, c Barton N L, b Pai V D	...	1
Chivaler, b Pai V D... ...	...	0
Hunsraj, c Janion E E, b Pai V D	...	0
Venilal, not out	...	2
Pradhan, run out	...	0
Permanand b Pai V D	...	0
Extras ...	...	4
Total ...	...	13

P. & O. C. C. vs. H. M'S HIGHFLYER.

This match was played on the Oval on Sunday last and resulted in an easy win for the P. & O. C. C. by 103 runs.

P. & O. C. C.

Shepherd, c Pilgrim, b Wells ...	...	19
Pai V D, c Blackgrove, b Wells ...	...	39
Standage, H E, c Blackgrove, b Wells	...	13
Barton N L, b Wells	...	2
Janion E E c Pannell, b Wells	...	10
Kendall H M, b Pilgrim ...	...	11
Barnes B D, stumped out ...	...	27
De Souza J, b Pilgrim ...	...	1
Pace R V, b Mackenzie ...	...	4
Gajanan, not out	...	6
Joshi Md, c Warre, b Mackenzie	...	1
Extras ...	...	11
Total ...	...	144

H. M'S HIGHFLYER.

Mackenzie, c Pace b Pai V D. ...		11
Jolly, c Barton, b Pai ...	...	2
Turle, c Joshi, b Pai V D ...	...	0
Wells, b Pai V D	...	8
Blackgrove, b Pace R V ...	...	1
Pilgrim, b Pace R V... ...	...	0
Wilson, b Pace R V... ...	...	5
Warre, b Pace R V	...	1
Farnell, not out	...	9
Major Heriot, b Pai V D ...	...	4
Prior, did not bat	...	0
Extras	...	0
Total ...	...	41

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 13th October.

886. Detail of Parades.

To day Wednesday, the 18th instant—Commanding Officer's Parade.

Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 6 p.m.

Dress—Drill Order, Uniform with Cape.

Subject—1 Part II., Infantry Training Sections 59 to 74. Fire Discipline. 2. Battalion Drill.

Friday, the 20th instant.—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m.

887. Maxim Gun—All members desirous of attending a class of instruction in Maxim Gun duties should submit their names to the Officers Commanding their Cos at a very early date.

888. Musketry—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class Firing as follows:—

Thursday, the 19th inst "D" Coy.
Saturday, the 21st inst "A" Coy.
Sunday, the 22nd inst "E" Coy.
Thursday, the 26th inst "F" Coy,
Saturday, the 28th inst "A" Coy.
Sunday, the 29th inst "G" Coy.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-30 a.m.

889. The Viceroy's Prize Competition will take place at Ghat Kopar on Monday, 23rd, and Tuesday, the 24th instant, and the Range will be available for practice on Friday, the 20th instant, by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a.m.

890. Exhibition Hockey Tournament.—It has been decided to enter a Corps Team for the above Tournament.

Members desirous of taking part should submit their names to Head-Quarters at an early date.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. R. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR R. W. R. PENNINGTON COMMANDING.

Bombay, 18th Octobsr.

247. Parades—Saturday 21st October 1911:—No land 2 companies Gun Drill at Mahalaxmi Battery at 5-30 p. m.

Train leaves Colaba at 4-10 p.m. Church Gate at 4 45 p. m.

Parade at Grant Road Station at 5 p m.

Cyclists proceed direct to Battery.

Dress—Khaki and Helmets.

E E. Coy as ordered by the Officer Commanding.

243. D R F Class.—A depression ran e finding Class will commence next week, members who are desirous of joining will parade at the old Saluting Battery at 7 15 a m on Wednesday 25th October.

Dress:—Plain clothes.

249. Gun Layers qualifying Class.—The Gun Layers qualifying examination for the season 1911 13, will be held at Middle Ground on Saturday 28th October. Time of parade will be notified later.

250. Gun Layers Class.—Members desirous of joining this Class will parade with the qualified layers on Saturday 28th October, at the same time and place.

251. Military Tournament Competitive Events.—Members wishing to enter for any of these events to be held in connection with the exhibition of the Old Bombay can see the prospectus at Head quarters, on or before 28th October, together with entrance fees.

252. Arms and Accoutrements.—Members who have not yet drawn their Arms and Accoutrements are requested to do so as soon as possible.

253. Orderly Sergeant.—Orderly Sergeant for the week ending unday 22nd October 1911.

No. 1 Company Sergt B, E. Gubbins.
No. 2 Company Sergt J. Clarke.

254. Musketry—Sunday 22nd instant—A Shooting match of 10 a side has been arranged with the members of the R G A Sergeants Mess, Colaba.

Ranges 200 and 500 yards.

Firing to commence at 7 a.m. Any sights may be used. The Team will be selected by its Captain Sergt Gubbins. The G I F Ry Vol Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for practice only.

Train will leave Victoria Terminus at 6-30 a.m.

All recruits are requested to attend this practice.

There will be no Spoon Competitions on Sunday next 22nd instant.

E. P. CUDLIP, Capt. R. A.,
Adjt. R. V. A.

SORE THROAT:

Its Cure and Prevention.

Are you suffering from sore throat? The epidemic is still raging, and many cases are reported in which this common ailment has developed into some dangerous throat disease like Diphtheria. For this reason doctors are busy just now examining sore throats, as depicted in the above illustration.

Fortunately, science has provided the physician with a means not only of curing and preventing sore throat, but also safeguarding people against the many infectious diseases of which sore throat is a symptom. The name of this remedy is Wulfing's Formamint—the germ-killing throat tablet.

The Viscount Massereene and Ferrard writes: "Sore throat quickly disappears after using a few Formamint tablets."

"I have never had sore throat since using Formamint, although I suffered periodically before," writes a prominent physician in *The Practitioner*.

HOW FORMAMINT CURES AND PREVENTS SORE THROAT.

These pleasant-tasting tablets are sucked like sweets. They infuse into the saliva a disinfecting substance which quickly permeates the whole mouth cavity, and destroys there the germs causing sore throat and other infectious maladies.

The pain of sore throat is thus allayed at once. Inflammation and swelling quickly subside. The membranes feel deliciously cool, clean and refreshed. It no longer hurts to speak or swallow. In a short time the sore throat is cured.

A London physician has written a valuable hand-book about sore throat and other infectious diseases. You can have a copy of this book, gratis and post free, by mailing the coupon printed below. This work fully describes the nature and uses of Formamint.

"THE DIVINE PATTI" TESTIFIES.

"I find Formamint tablets very beneficial for the throat," writes Madame Adelina Patti, "the Queen of Song," who is one of that distinguished company of Formamint-users which includes the Right Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, M.P., Lord Glantawe, Mr. C. C. Hutchinson, K.C., Sir Gilbert Parker, M.P., and many others.

You know that such eminent people would not allow their names to be used if they had not tested Formamint themselves and found it a genuine remedy. Their names are a guarantee that it will be worth your while to send this coupon for a free copy of the physician's hand-book.

There are only a limited number of copies available. Therefore, you should mail the coupon at once, and thus insure yourself against disappointment.

Wulfing's Formamint can be obtained of all chemists and bazaars, in bottles containing 50 tablets. Insist on the genuine Formamint, and refuse worthless substitutes.

FREE HAND-BOOK.

A. Wulfing & Co. (of London).
P.O. Box 226, Bombay.

Please send me a copy of "Hints on Sore Throat," gratis and post free.

Name.....
Address.....

F. 9/10.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

THE RETURN OF THE HANDKERCHIEF BLOUSE.

THE handkerchief blouse has made a welcome re-appearance in the world of dress. Certainly nothing looks better and nothing is more serviceable for autumn wear than this particular type of blouse made of soft silk with a rich all-over design Oriental colouring. Hitherto this garment has suffered from too severe a style of make. This season this fault has been remedied, as one of our best-known artistic dressmakers has taken the handkerchief blouse in hand and is showing two lovely models, one made in graceful crossover effect with a tucked net vest and a small frill and dainty little underleeves of the same net. The other model has a new yoke effect and kimono sleeves. This is quite smart enough for afternoon wear. Both are marked at a low figure, and both are suitable for wear underneath a fur coat or with a costume made of the new striped materials that call for a softly-toned silk blouse to enhance the perfection of their dull autumn colouring.

A CHANGE FROM BIG COLLARS.

It is doubtful whether all women will find the huge collars that adorn so many of the new fur coats strictly advantageous. It requires a very tall and slender figure to look really well in some of the new cape effects that Madame La Mode has decreed for popular wear. A far more becoming collar is to be seen trimming fur coats at one of the leading London shops. This consists of a long strip of fur that fastens down the front of the coat, and is left hanging loose on the other side so that it can, if desired, be wrapped in a graceful throw-over effect round the throat, and this new collar is easily adjusted to any coat. A feature of the new trimmings are the beautiful gold, silver, or oxidised tassels that adorn the loose ends of the fur. These are of very heavy make, and serve the double purpose of being ornamental and keeping the tie in proper position.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the comparative statement of Traffic earnings for week ending 30th September.

	Miles Open.	Total for the period.	Earnings for previous week	Total to date.
Approximate earnings for week ending 30th Sept. 1911....				
G. I. P. Ry

BY THE WAY.

NEWMAN'S OLD COLLEGE.

Oriel, which was en fete in mail week for the extension to "the High," dates from 1324, but the present exterior possesses a very deceptive appearance of antiquity. The front quadrangle, which is the oldest part, was built between 1619 and 1642—that is, about the same time as Wadham. The garden quadrangle was built about a century later but not completed until 1817. Newman's rooms were the set on No. 5 staircase, first floor to the right. He succeeded Whately, and "found the last of his herrings still hanging from a string," for the frugal future Archbishop had always cooked his own breakfast. Immediately below Newman's rooms were those of Dr. Church, the late Dean of St. Paul's.

THE PROVOST OF ORIEL.

Dr. Charles Lancelot Shadwell, the Provost of Oriel, belongs to an ancient legal family which has produced a former Vice-Chancellor. He was educated at Westminster School under Dr. Scott, like his neighbour the Dean of Christ Church, where the Provost himself graduated. Dr. Shadwell is not merely a learned lawyer, but the historian of his college, and an accomplished Italian scholar. Next to Dr. Bussell, of Brasenose, he was the most intimate personal friend of Walter Pater, several of whose posthumous works he prepared for the press. Dr. Shadwell has always taken keen interest in educational problems, and, though an Old Westminster, is also a Fellow of Winchester College.

BATTLE OF BOOKS IN FRANCE.

A correspondent writes: "As furiously as in the great Dean's pages rages the conflict between French upholders respectively of traditional and modern culture, the old schools of learning and the new. As a writer in a recent number of "La Revue des Francais" puts it: 'La question du latin reste a l'order du jour.' Is the study of Latin essential to French literary style or is it not? On the one hand, no less an authority than M. Earnest Lavisse is preparing examples of bad French penned by writers versed in the classics; on the other, it is urged that La Rochefoucauld was ignorant of the parent tongue; also were many women whose prose is immortal. And now the lady writers of to-day, like Portia, have been called upon to deliver judgment, the aforesaid journal publishing a symposium of feminine opinion. As the following citations show, although France as it has neither a Girton nor a Somerville Hall, scholarly women abound, and the majority hold the conservative view—with a very few reservations.

LATINITY AND STYLE.

"First comes the daughter of President Faure (the only English-speaking French President, who unfortunately came too soon for the 'entente cordiale'), Madame Felix Faure-Guyon: 'I acquired Latin and Greek without masters,' writes this erudite lady. "Roman writers are familiar to me, and Plato and Æschylus are my joy. I firmly believe in the necessity of classical culture for would-be writers.' At the same time is added the rider that those gifted with the genius of style can dispense with such educational methods.

FAMOUS NOVELISTS AND OTHERS.

"Madame Marcelle Tinayre, who obligingly received an interviewer at her home in the delightful little town of Montfort-Lamaury—owing to this lady now a choice little literary centre—was categoric: 'Do I understand Latin, you ask, Monsieur? Why I am a "bachelier-es-lettres." This fact is the pride of my family. And,' rejoined the famous novelist, 'although no assiduous Latinist, I believe that my knowledge of the language has facil tated my task; it has made me reject prolixity and the "lache" (negligent in style).' Another leading novelist, the clever author of 'Les Dames du Palais,' Madame Colette Yver, believes that Latin is essential to what she calls the aristocracy of style. A celebrated lady member of the French Bar finds it intolerable that Latin should remain a privilege of the other sex. Madame de Noailles, poetess and scholar, who when travelling in Greece found herself quite at home owing to her knowledge of Attic lore, follows suit; and Madame Juliette Adam sums up the question in a sentence: 'In one fashion or another we must all be nurtured in the classics.'"

MR. NORMAN ANGELL'S BOOK.

Mr. Norman Angell explains in a recent number of "Everybody's Weekly" how he came to write his now famous book "The World's Optical Illusion." Mr. Angell is not the usual kind of peace advocate. "I do not desire to see the world a paradise of fat sheep," he says. "I, for one, would rather die from a bullet in battle than be choked of fir-damp in a mine." His objection to war is not that is a struggle, but that it is sheer waste. For six weeks after M. Angell's book was published there was not a sign of response, and not even a single newspaper notice. Then it fell in the hands of a leading European statesman, who was so struck by it that he circulated hundreds of copies among Kings and his fellow-rulers. From that moment success was assured.

HOW TO END WAR.

Mr. Angell believes that war can be ended to some extent by advertisement. "European opinion could be transformed in a very short time by a legitimate use of money. If some philanthropist were to invest a quarter of a million in wise publicity just now, an intellectual ferment could be set us, and a spirit of inquiry aroused that would do the work." He explains that he would buy the first page of every daily paper in Germany on the same day in this time of crisis. He would print there a great note of interrogation and a brief message—five hundred words would do—asking what the people would expect to get by war, and showing how even a successful war could not fail to cost them more than their nation could gain. He would set them questioning. The remainder, he thinks, would follow. "Once the people as a whole are convinced that war between great European Powers is now inevitably ruinous for all who wage it, war will cease!"

OLDHAM'S LADY MAYOR.

Mrs. Lees has declined, for private reasons, the invitation of the Oldham Town Council to accept the office of mayor of the borough for a second year. Referring to the pleasure of the work, she said that if her friends were not disappointed with her work, and if she had in any way chastened the prejudice against women taking part in public matters, she was more than satisfied. In deference to the wish of her numerous friends and admirers, Mrs. Lees has arranged to sit to Mr. Riviere for her portrait in mayoral robes, so that the town may have a representation of her as mayor.

ON THE HIGHLAND RAILWAY.

They seem to be a slow-moving, kindly folk in the Highlands. The "British Weekly" tells that as a train stopped recently at a small station on the Highland line, a lady's clear voice called from one of the carriages, "Station-master, will you get me some rowan berries?" Smiling faces looked out of several windows, for it was hardly thought possible that the express would be delayed for such a purpose. However, a porter hurried across the road to a rowan tree laden with bright berries. He picked a small bunch and ran back, asking, will these do?" The incident, which occupied only five minutes, reminds our contemporary of a story told by Mr. Bensusan in his recent book on Spain. His train was delayed at a station while the driver ran down the line on his engine with a birthday present for his mother!

A PARNELL CAIRN.

It is interesting to note, in connection with the unveiling of the Parnell Monument in Dublin, that a cairn of stones is in course of erection at his birthplace, Avondale. In olden days cairns were the monuments erected to Irish kings and heroes. A couple of years ago a beginning was made with a similar memorial to the Irish leader on the highest spot in the demesne of Avondale, every visitor to Parnell's old home being asked to place a stone upon the cairn. By this process it would take two or three generations to complete such a memorial as would dominate the beautiful hills and vales of Parnell's birthplace, and it is now suggested by Mr. John Redmond that the people of Wicklow should get two hundred men from all parts of that county to volunteer to come with their horses and carts and draw all the stones that were necessary to build the cairn. There could be no more fitting memorial to Parnell, says Mr. Redmond, than a cairn of the kind erected to the memory of Irish kings.

BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

UNIMPORTANCE OF NAMES.

We have Shakspere's authority for the doctrine of the unimportance of names; they are words arbitrarily applied and are associated with the person who bears them by an act of memory. Nevertheless there is another side to the question, and in course of time a person's name comes to mean a great deal to the person himself. What the sensations must be of a person who initials with a "ff" when he receives a letter on the envelope of which the spelling is "F," or he who, like the man in "Esmond," spells his name with a "y" when he finds it spelt with an "i," may be better imagined than described; but even a humble individual called Alexander who is addressed as Andrew is apt to exclaim, "Now, do I look like an Andrew!" The exclamation suggests that there is a harmony between the person and his designation, and that there may spring up subtle relations between the two may be easily argued. Thus it is said that a somnambulist, impervious to other ordinary sounds, may be safely awakened by the soft utterance of his own name, and Tennyson was, in the person of the "Ancient Sage," speaking of himself when he declared that the continuous repetition to himself of his own name enabled him to pass into a trance-like state.

> The mortal limit of the Self was loosed,
> And passed into the Nameless, as a cloud
> Melts into Heaven.

Here we are in full mysticism and prepared almost to listen to the anagrammatists who pushed to extremities the doctrine involved in the collocation "nomina omina." John Bunyan, of course, was only in a jocular mood when he found in his own name the makings of "nu hony in a B," and Herbert knew he had only hit upon a conceit when he wrote of the Blessed Virgin.

> How well her name an "army" doth present
> In whom the "Lord of Hosts" did pitch His tent.

NAMES AND DESTINIES.

On the other hand, how the immensely learned Antonius Megliabechius (to give him his Latin appellation) must have deplored the absence of another "b" from his name which would have permitted its transliteration into "Is anus" bibliotheca magna, while the man who found in "Horatio Nelson" "honor est a Nilo" must have been apt to think for the moment that there was something in the theory that a man's destiny is written not only in the stars beneath which he is born but in the very letters of his name. That names have something to do with destinies has often been maintained. It was maintained by Walter Shandy in a well-known passage in which that worthy declares there have been Cæsars and Pompeys inspired by their very names to be worthy bearers of them, while others, depressed by their names, have been "Nicodemus'd into nothing." Stevenson made Sterne's reflection a text for a characteristic little essay in "Lay Morals," and he is serious when he speaks of the feeling of pride which he had as a boy on finding he shared a name with such men as Robin Hood, Robert the Bruce, and Robert le Diable, and whimsical when he argues that but for his name Pym might have been Lord Protector, and that Pepys would have found his name as much against him in the lists of the poets had he thought of entering them as, on a memorable occasion, Dick Deadeye found his on board H.M.S. Pinafore. Stevenson could have treated the subject better in his later years, for it is one that gives infinite scope for a nimble fancy; but some months ago an American journalist noted the odd patness of some of the names in the Dreyfus case and how the gods of nomenclature seemed to take sides in that battle as the gods do in Homer. "What name," he wrote, "destined to die the death but Henri? What one to pique the public but Picquart? What more clouded with suspicion than Esterhazy? What more plainly marked villainy than Du Paty de Clam? Could a virtuous mind live, think you with Du Paty de Clam? Nor did the obscure contention end there. What trumpet-call of a name heralded this infamy? Zola! Who was to labour in that tangle but Labori; or to listen with dignity and clemency but Clemenceau?'

A CRAVING FOR GOOD LITERATURE.

The case of the young man who the other day was found guilty in one of the country towns of having stolen a large number of books suggests how obscure and unexpected often the motives are which actuate people to such larcenies. It is an odd comment upon the refining influences of intellectual culture that the motive in this case was set down as "a craving for good literature." It is natural, at any rate, that borrowing from a library should not satisfy a lover of literature, for although the saying of Emerson that while the land belongs to the proprietor the landscape belongs to the poet is transferable to books, in the sense that while the book belongs to the library the contents belong to the borrower who has read it, yet the possession of the corporeal volume is an element in a reader's happiness. But one would have thought that the numberless cheap reprints of these days—the "Series," the "Classics," and the "Libraries"—had made the best in literature accessible to the most exiguous purse, especially if eked out by minute economies or minute off time earnings. The fact that the books had not been sold shows that money was not the motive. That, however, is the ordinary motive. It is the chief motive actuating that gang of book thieves who for some months past have been engaging the attention of the New York police. In their case, however, the love of adventure must mingle with the love of gain. As everyone knows who has invoked the aid of the second-hand bookseller to relieve over-burdened shelves, the ordinary book fetches too small a figure to engage the attention of professional men. It is only expensive editions with fine bindings and good illustrations that are worth their while. Now the disposal of such editions in numbers implies a dealer who will wink with his left eye; and such a dealer will give only a low price, partly because he knows he has his customer at his mercy and partly because he runs the risk of being had for reset of theft. Still more obscure are the motives of those who steal very rare editions. There are editions so rare that every copy is located, yet even they set on edge the pugging tooth of the book thief; from time to time the cry rises that one has been stolen, and there is universal wonder what the theif can mean to do with it. He cannot easily extort a ransom, he cannot sell his copy, he cannot boast of it to his friends, and it is seldom a thing of such form or comeliness as to be the object of rapturous contemplation. In the case of such a book the motive of theft is much more obscure than in that of "La Gioconda," for it is not stolen to be duplicated whereas it is conceivable that the picture is undergoing copying in the factory of some Barholomew Burls, so that when the original is restored to the Louvre the copy may be sold to some Mr. Gilead P. Bock with the whispered assurance that it is the real original and no copy.

COLLODI'S "PINOCCHIO."

Undoubtedly the most interesting contribution to the children's section of the present instalment of "Everyman's Library" is Collodi's "Pinocchio," and we may take the editor's word for it that it is "the best puppet story ever written." One can put one's finger on a dozen points that will set the nursery in a roar—the old man eating his last meal by candle-light in the stomach of the dogfish, the faithless watchdog secretly in league with the chattering polecats, the big crab with the "hoarse voice that sounded like a trumpet with a bad cold," and the little fairy with the blue hair over whose supposed tomb the puppet sheds such tears. But how calmly an ancient person can read it all! In the days when meadow, grove, and stream were apparelled in celestial light these things would have been an enchantment, but now they only faintly "interest" one. The shades of the prison-house are too thick, and just as Beaumont (or was it Fletcher!) suggests that if one cannot weep from emotion one can at times "with the reason weep," so the only way those who are no longer children can enjoy the humour of a child's book is to laugh with the reason.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cause. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere]

NEW DESIGNS AND NOVELTIES.

T. 1924.
Peridot, whole Pearl and Platinum, Rs. 410. Green Tourmaline, Rs. 410.
Amethyst „ „ „ 340. Aquamarine, „ „ 550.

T. 1803.
Pearl Matted Bracelet, Diamond, Pearl and Olivine Shape, Rs. 315.

T. 1951. Diamond mounted in Platinum, Rs. 330. Large Size, Rs. 450.

T. 1801. Diamond and Pearl Matted Bracelet, Rs. 550.

Aqua Pearl and Platinum, Rs. 115. Peridot and Pearl, Rs. 85. Amethyst and Pearl Rs. 75.

T. 4913 Diamonds and Pearls, Rs. 315.

T. 4916. Pearl, Diamond and Enamel, Rs. 125.

T. 1942. Diamond and Pearl, mounted Platinum, Rs. 360.

T. 4906. Diamond and Peridot mounted in Platinum. Rs. 210.

T. 1802. Diamond and Pearl Matted Necklet. Rs. 1,155.

T. 1990. Ruby or Sapphire, Pearl & Platinum. Rs. 130.

T. 1946. Aqua, Diamond and Pearl and Platinum, Rs. 150. Pink Tourmaline, „ 150, Green „ „ 145. Amethyst, „ „ 140.

Manufacturing Jewellers, MARCKS & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

SAINT-RAPHAËL
TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE
Very palatable.
Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates. DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.
Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:
(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.
CLETEAS is a MELISSA and MINT cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation.
To be taken on a lump of sugar.
COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, Valence (Drôme-France).
SPENCER & Co, Sole Agents for Madras. — PHILLIPS & Co, Agents in Bombay.
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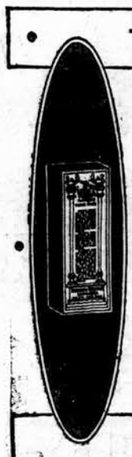

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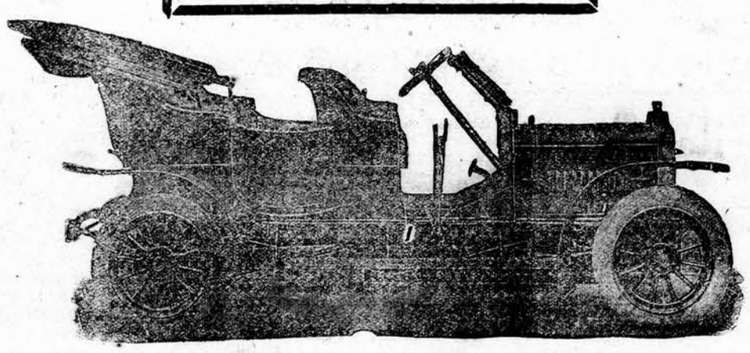

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